DPP IMPLEMENTATION IN EUROPE AND BEYOND CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES

1 SEPTEMBER | 15:00-18:00 CEST | VAREMBÉ CONFERENCE CENTRE (CCV)

CE-RISE Annual Event taking place in the framework of WRF'25

CE-RISE

WORLD RESOURCES FORUM '25

AGENDA

Time	Title	Speaker
15:00-15:10	CE-RISE Information System Introduction	Cristina Guerreiro, Project Coordinator, NILU
15:10-15:20	Measuring the Applicability of Circular Strategies	Francesco Barill, Research Scientist, Empa
15:20-15:30	Socio-Economic, and Environmental (SEE) Impacts	Sónia Cunha, Assistant Professor, Leiden University
15:30-15:45	Viessmann Case Study	Andreas Wade, Director Sustainability & ESG, Viessmann Climate Solutions
15:45-16:00	Data Interoperability	Riccardo Boero, Senior Scientist, NILU
16:00-16:10	Questions	
16:10-16:30	Coffee Break	
16:30-18:00	Panel Discussion on the Implications and Opportunities of the Implementation of DPPs in Europe and Outside Europe	Rembrandt Koppelaar (EcoWise & Cirpass-2 global DPP & EU regulatory observatory), Catherine Chevauché (Circular Economy Director, Veolia), Reyna Ubeda (ITU-T SG5 Engineer: Environment, EMF, Climate Action and Circular Economy, ITU), Colette van der Ven (Founder & Director, TULIP Consulting), Maxime Furkel (Head of Government Affairs, Lexmark)
18:00-19:00	Networking Drinks	

THE CE-RISE PROJECT

Circular Economy Resource Information System (Grant Agreement ID #101092281)

Cristina Guerreiro | Project Coordinator | Nilu

Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
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Federal Department of Economic Affairs, Education and Research EAER
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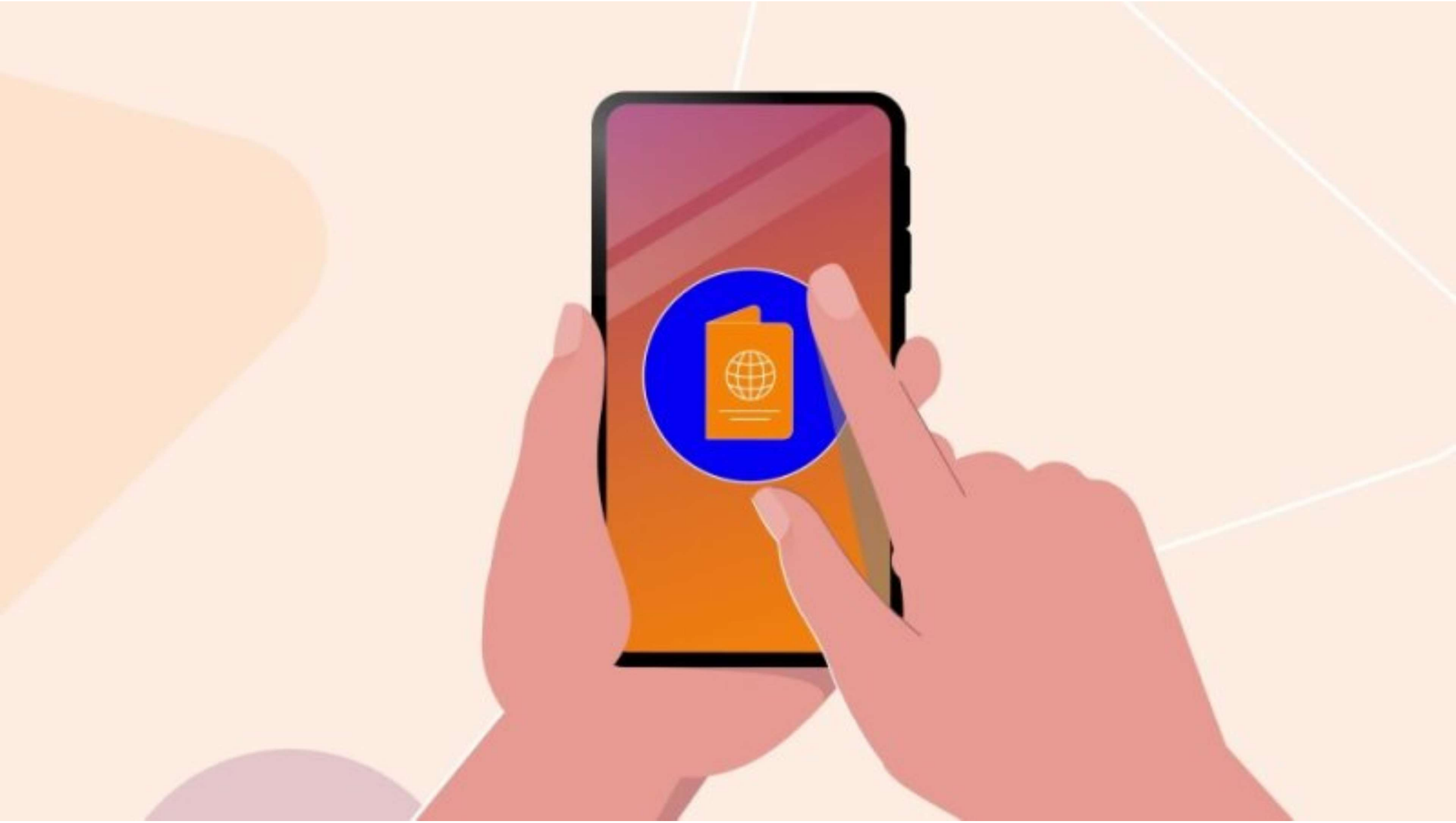


FOSSIL FUEL INTENSIVE ECONOMY

Powered by coal, oil, gas

Transition towards electrification and digitalization

RENEWABLE ENERGY & DIGITALIZED ECONOMY

Enabled by intensive use of raw materials

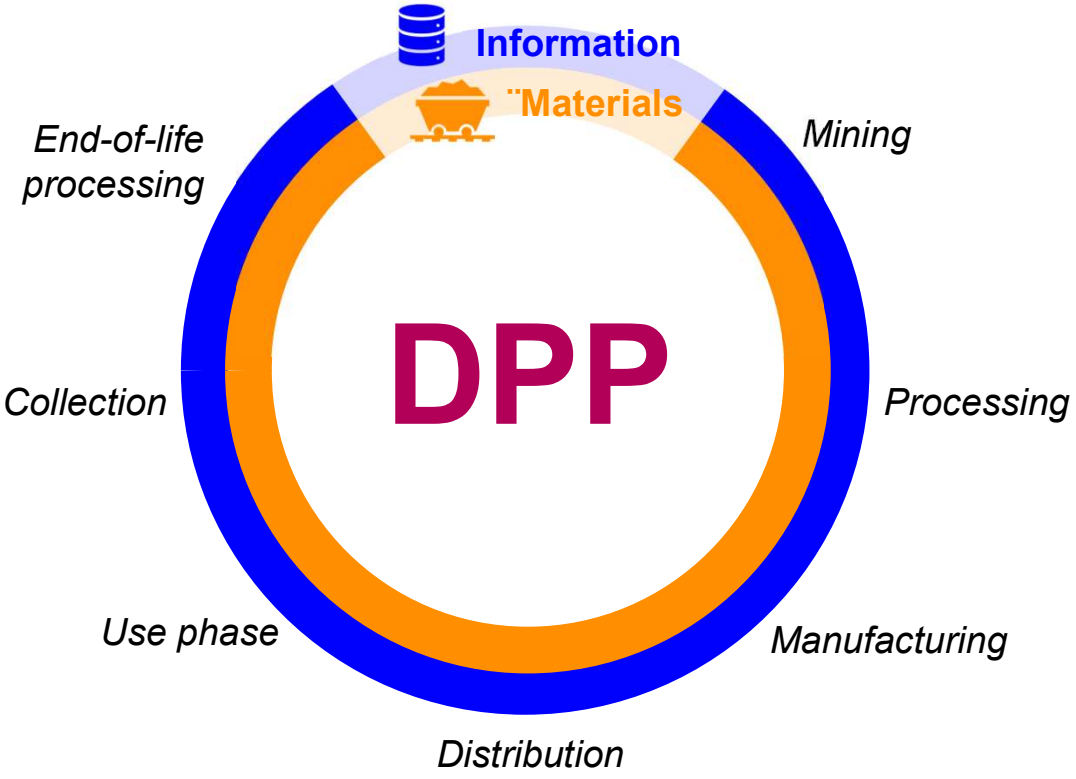
Limited supply of key raw materials

CRMs strategy

Improve supply chain resilience and security

Promote sustainability and circularity of raw materials

CIRCULAR ECONOMY ACTION PLAN (CEAP) & ECODESIGN FOR SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTS REGULATION (ESPR)



If Make products more sustainable and environmentally friendly throughout their **lifecycle**”

Increase resource efficiency

Boost sustainable production

Need for information

Digital Product Passport

Click icon to add partner logo

WHY?

HOW?

WHAT?

WHO?

CE-RISE: VISION & GOALS

Accelerate circular economy practices to enhance material efficiency, reduce environmental impacts, and foster new business opportunities, ultimately **contributing to a more equitable, resilient, and sustainable society**.

- Develop a Resource Information System
- **Integrate DPP information** into Circular Strategies and SEE-Impact Assessments
- Improve **confidential information sharing**
- Provide **open-access software** supporting sustainable and circular products

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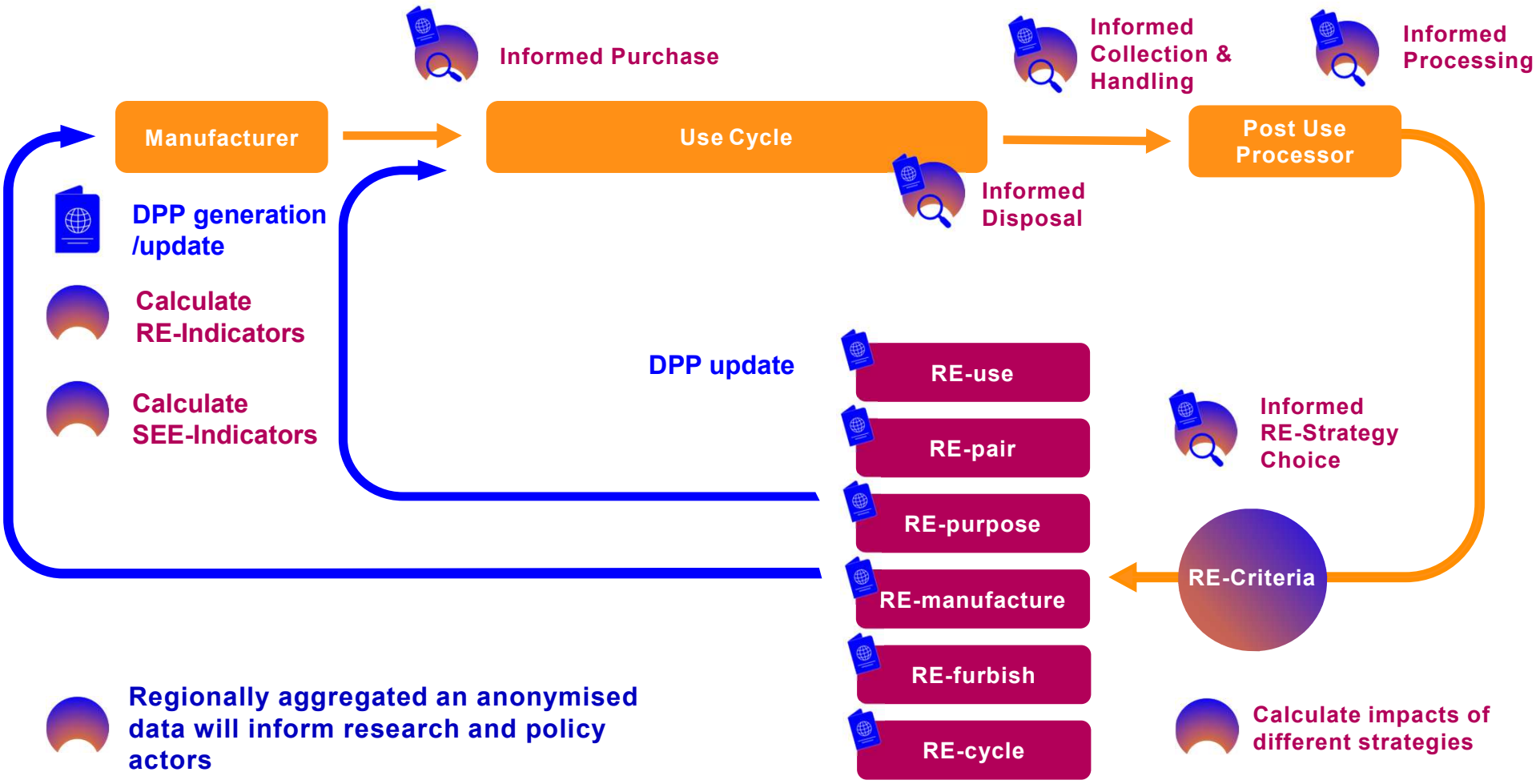
WHY?

HOW?

WHAT?

WHO?

CE-RISE: THE INFORMATION SYSTEM



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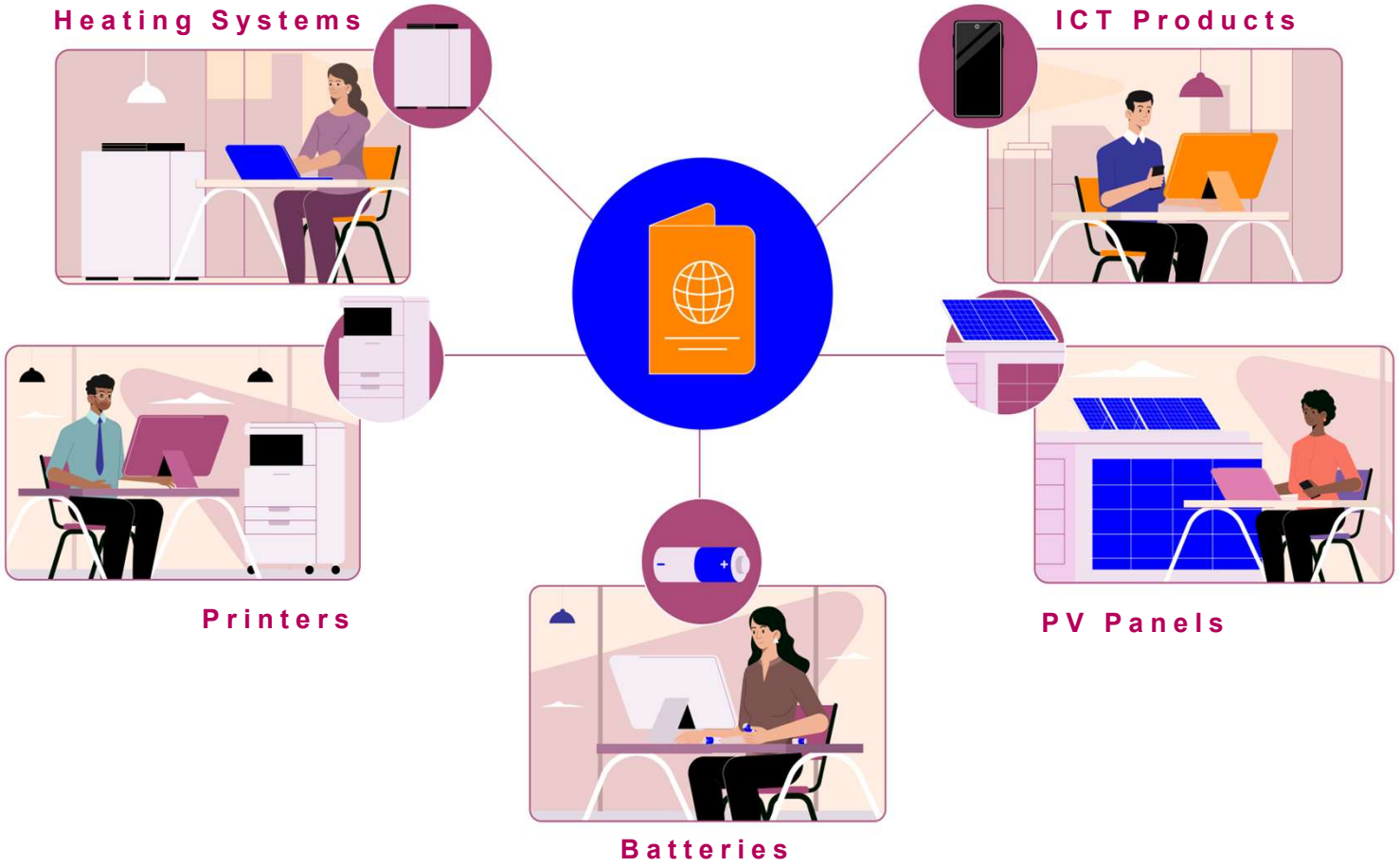
WHY?

HOW?

WHAT?

WHO?

CASE STUDIES



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Jan 2023 – Dec 2026 | €7,65M | 27 Partners from 11 countries

Project Coordinator: nilu

INDUSTRY PARTNERS

Lexmark, Viessmann Climate Solutions, EYDE CLUSTER, ALUDYNE, Hydro, MORROW, NIKKELVERK A GLENCORE COMPANY, Vianode

REFURBISHING AND RECYCLING PARTNERS

ecoreset, GreenIT TECHNOLOGY THAT DOESN'T COST THE EARTH, RECOSI refresh IT, ROSI return of silicon

ACADEMIA, RESEARCH, AND TECHNICAL PARTNERS

Ansys, brgm Geoscience for a sustainable Earth, CIRCULARISE, Empa Materials Science and Technology, Technische Universität Berlin, nilu, unitar United Nations Institute for Training and Research, Universiteit Leiden The Netherlands, UNIVERSITY OF OSLO

CONSULTING AND EXTENDED PRODUCER RESPONSBILITY ORGANISATIONS

cscp, ecogenesys REPIC, ECOLOGICON circular economy & consulting, erion, weeeforum

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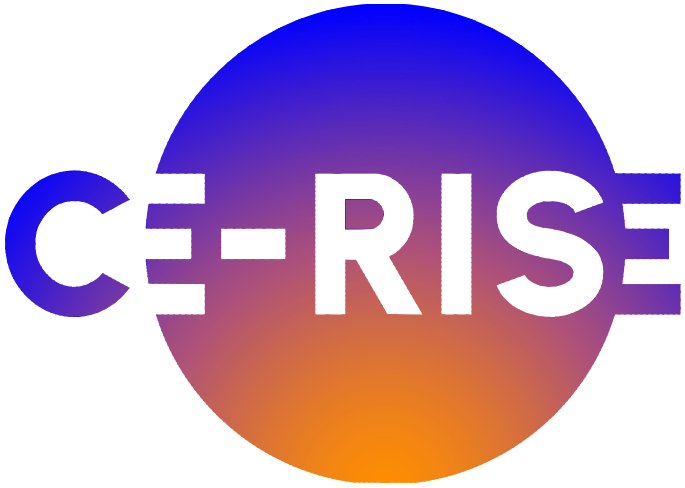

Cristina Guerreiro
NILU
Oslo, Norway
cbg@nilu.no

nilu

MEASURING THE APPLICABILITY OF CIRCULAR STRATEGIES

Francesco Barilli | Research Scientist | Empa

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Empa
Materials Science and Technology

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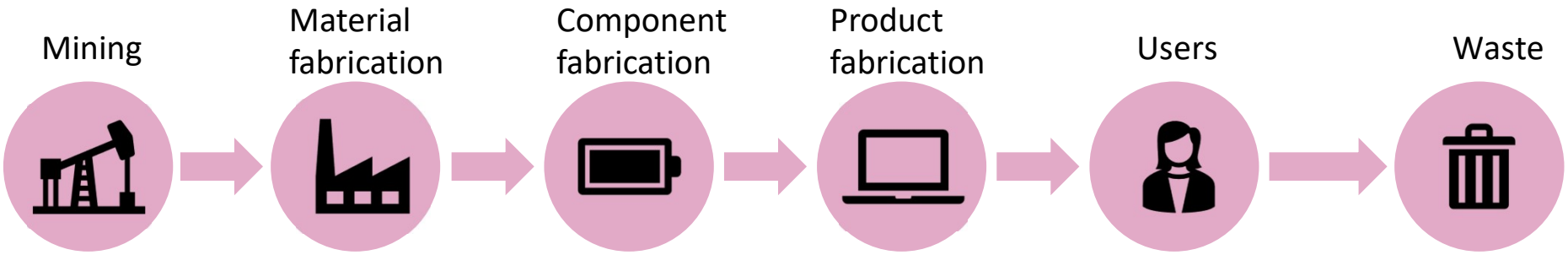
Circular strategies:

Transitioning from linear to circular economy



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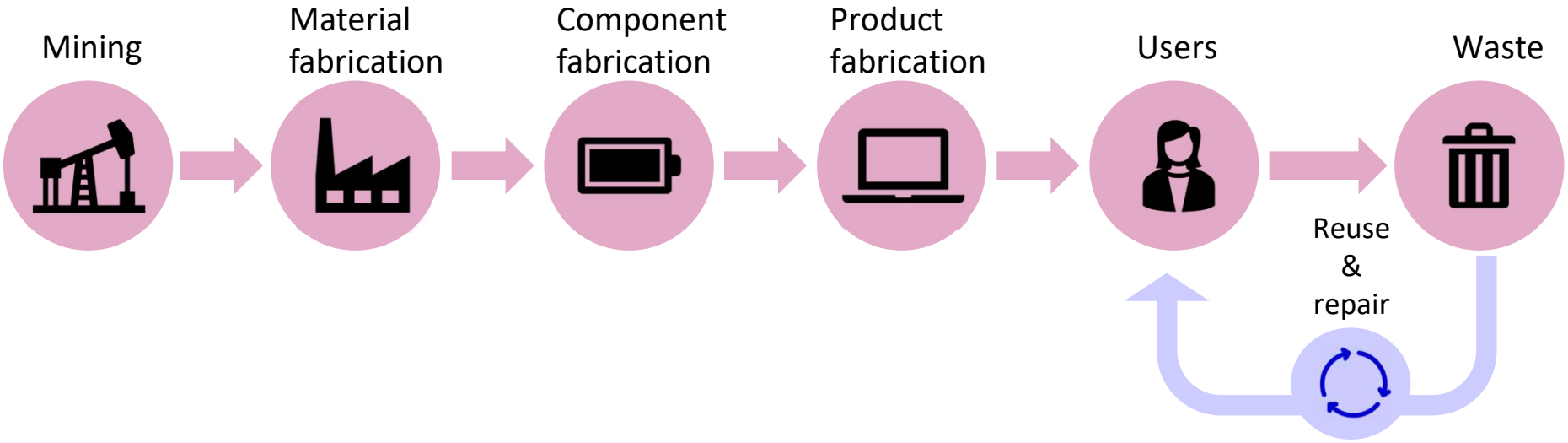

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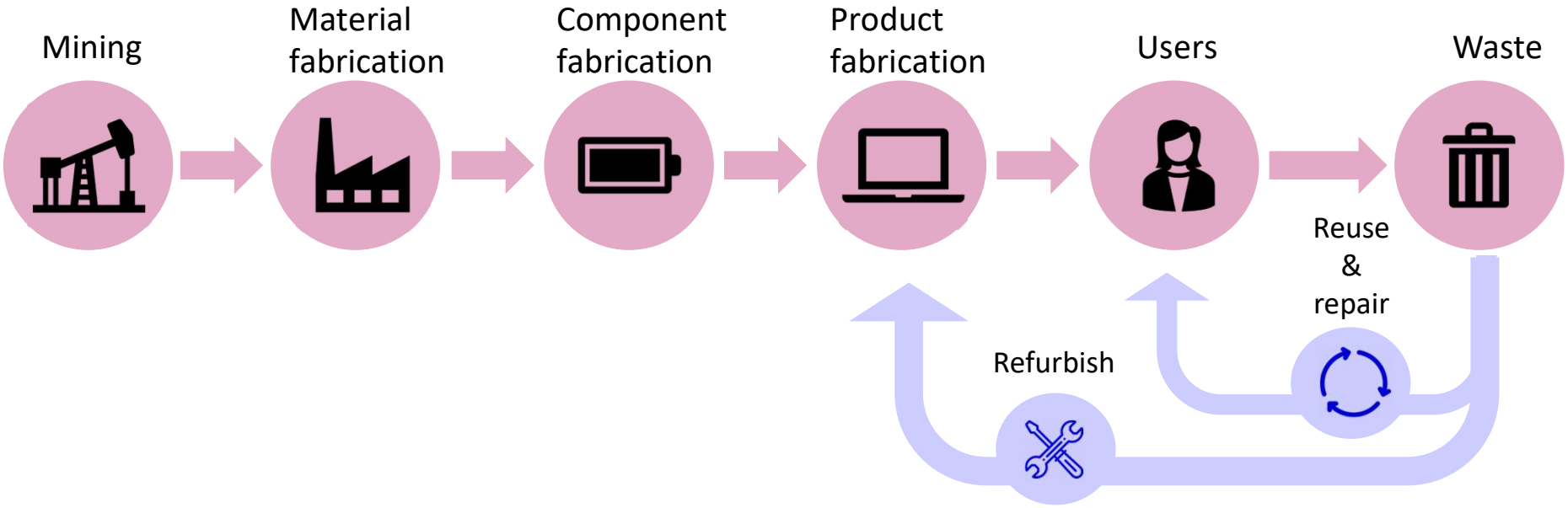

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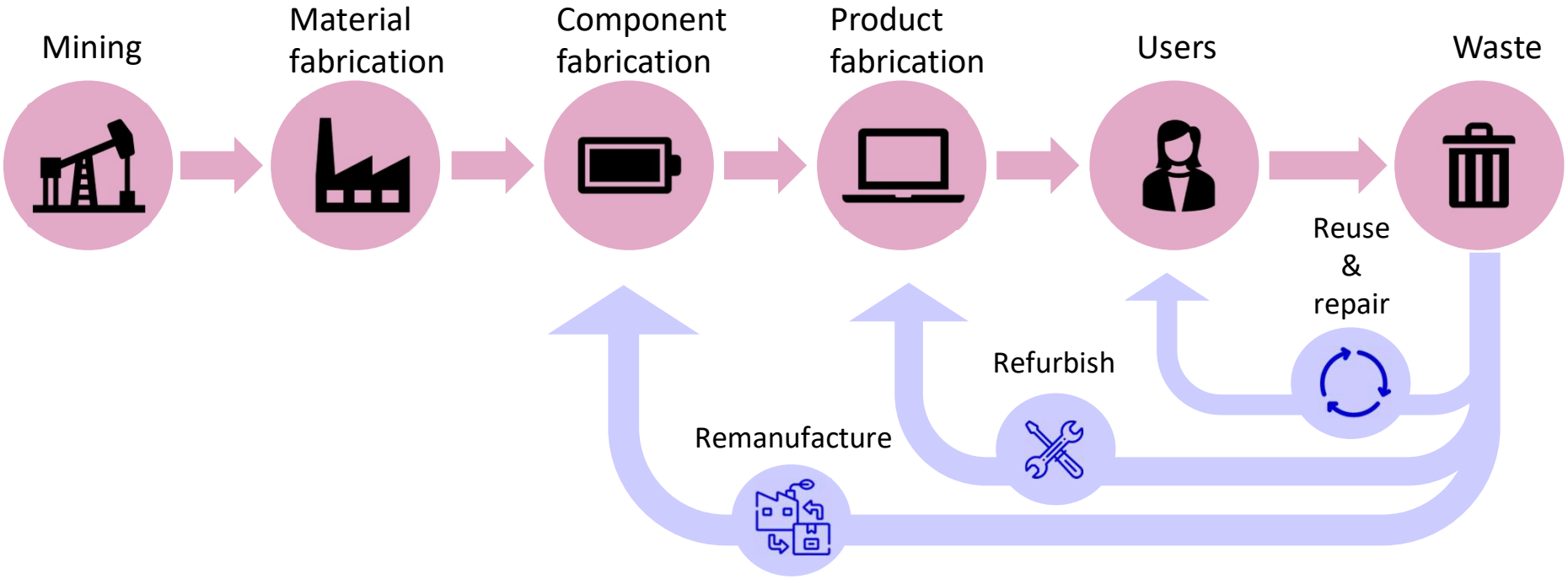

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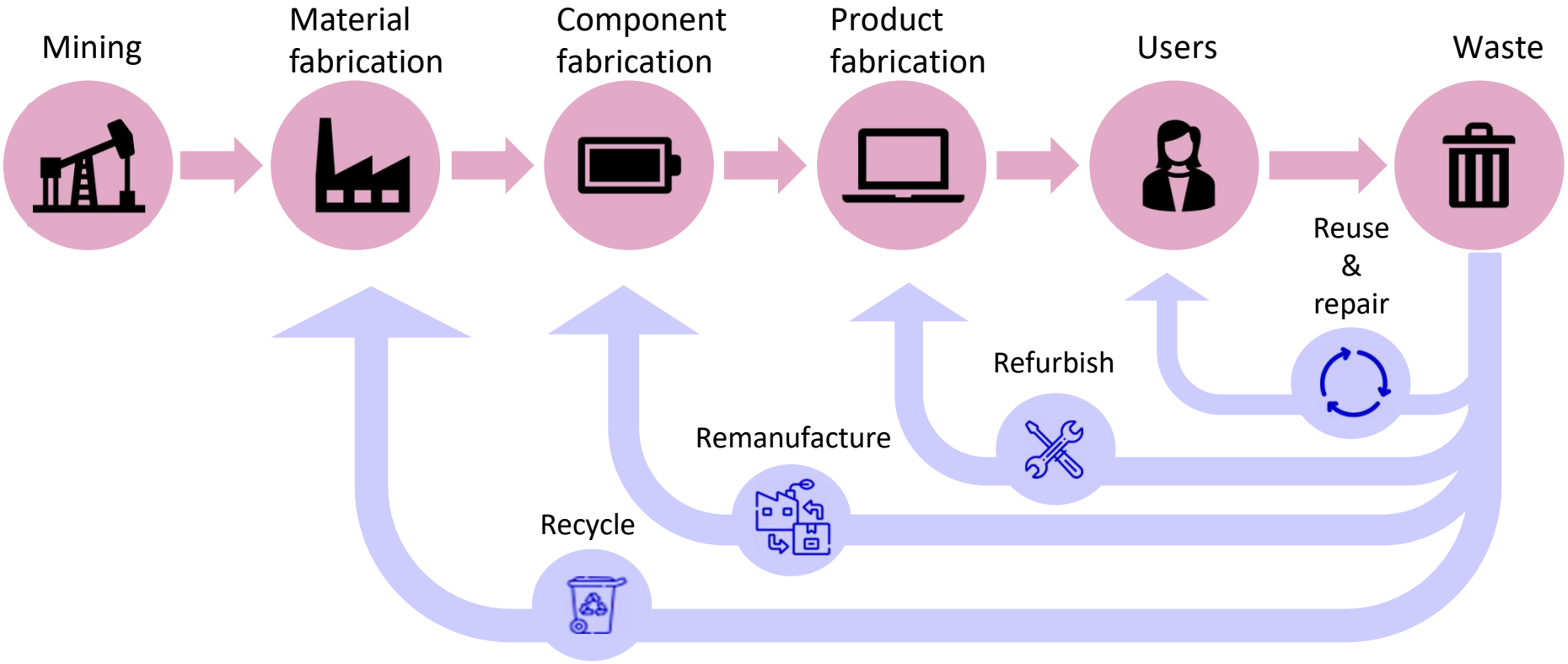

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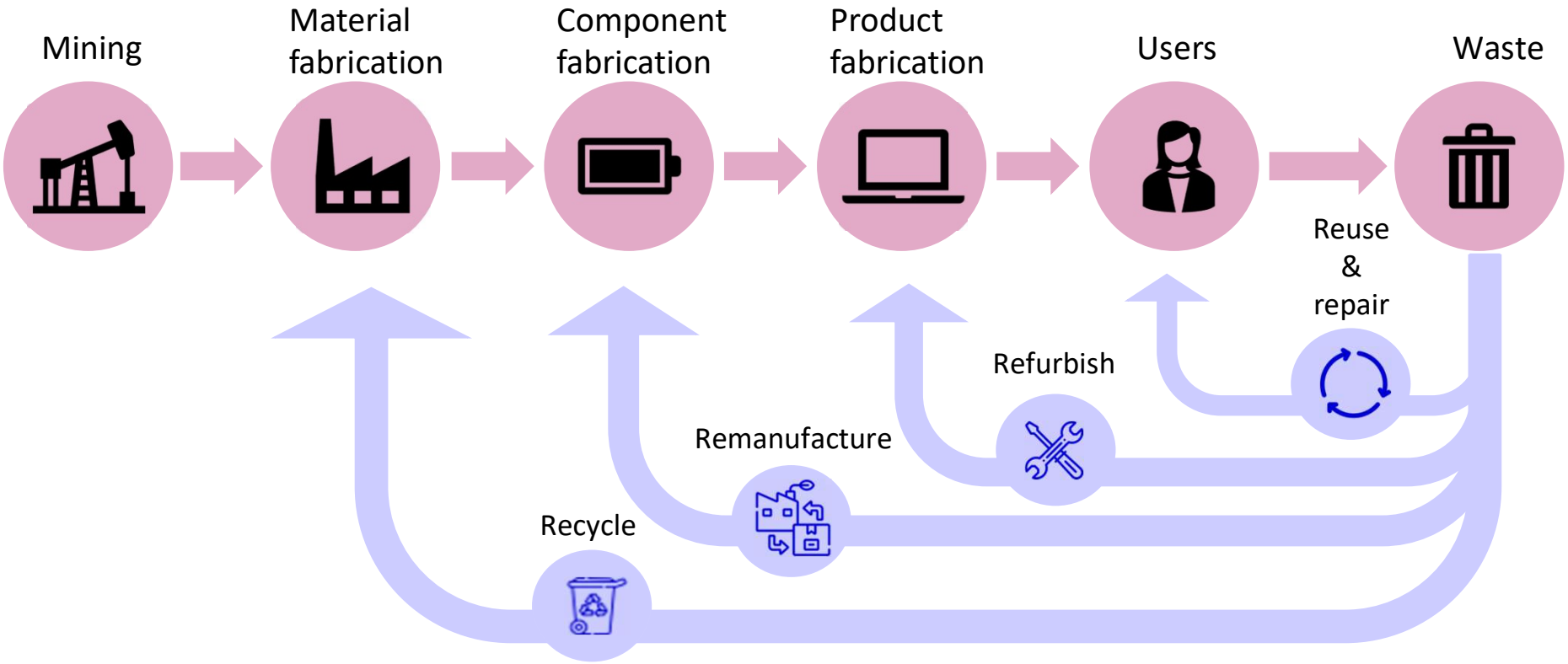
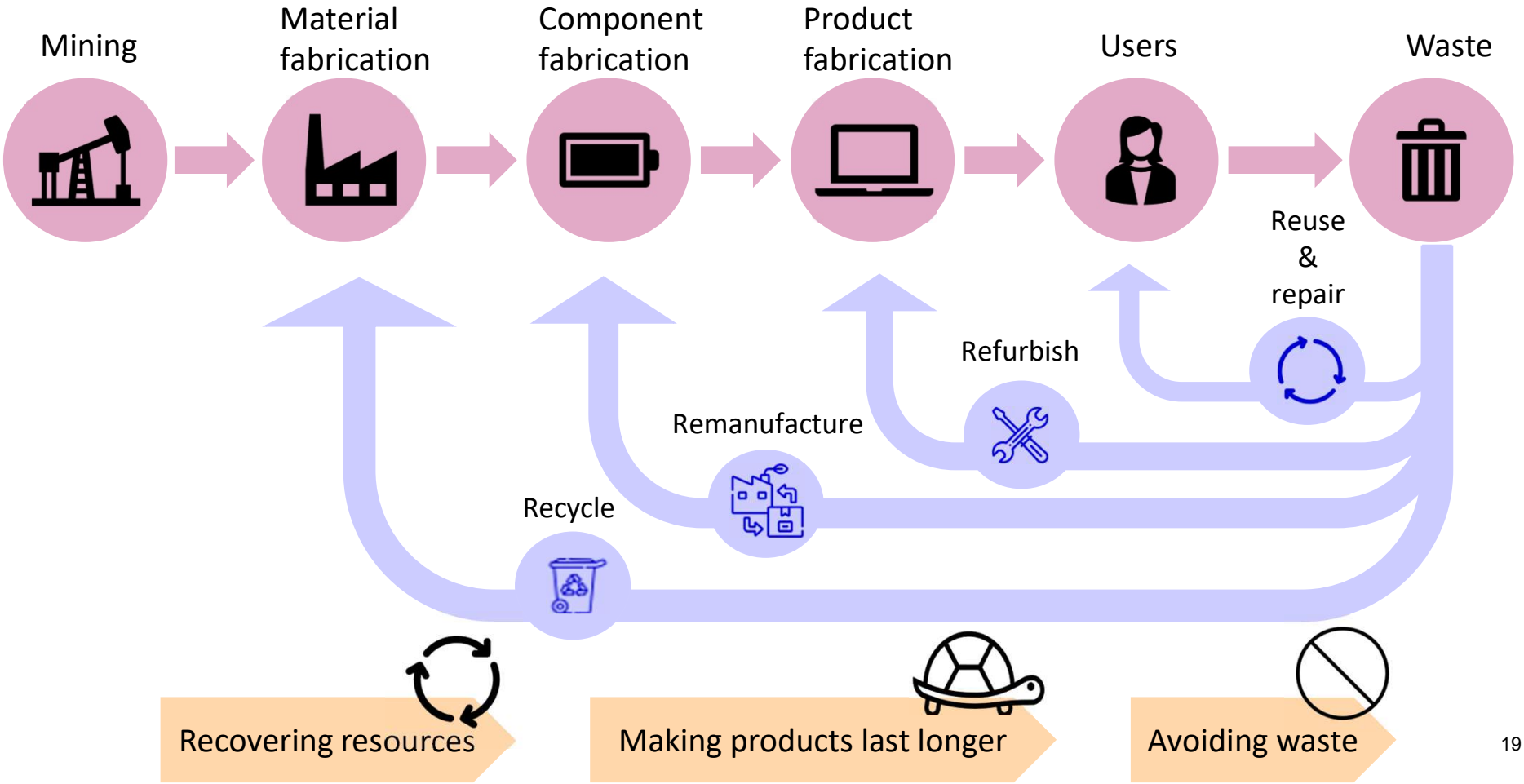
Transitioning from linear to circular economy



Strategic actions are needed to strengthen product circularity

Circular strategies:
what do we achieve?



Circular strategies:
How can we achieve?

Circular strategies:
How can we achieve?

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REuse
REpair
REfurbish
REmanufacture
REcycle

RE-Indicators

RE-INDICATOR : Semi-quantitative metric of the applicability of a circular -strategy

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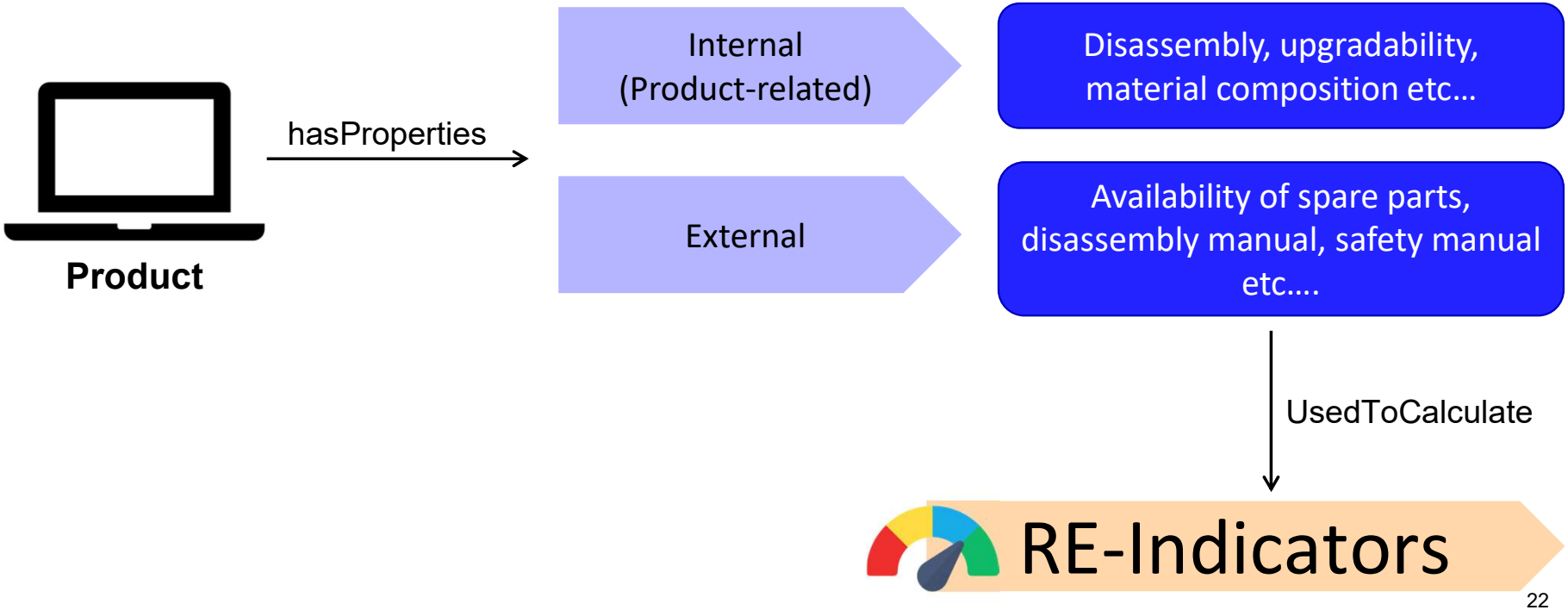


RE-Indicators

REpairability example

Mobile phone A

Mobile phone B

RE-Indicators

REpairability example

	Mobile phone A	Mobile phone B

RE-Indicators

REpairability example

	Mobile phone A	Mobile phone B
Disassembly	Score A.1	Score B.1

RE-Indicators

REpairability example

	Mobile phone A	Mobile phone B
Disassembly	Score A.1	Score B.1
Tools	Score A.2	Score B.2

RE-Indicators

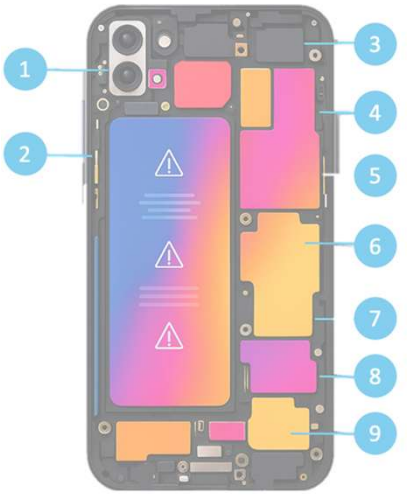
REpairability example

	Mobile phone A	Mobile phone B
Disassembly	Score A.1	Score B.1
Tools	Score A.2	Score B.2
Availability of spare parts	Score A.3	Score B.3

RE-Indicators

REpairability example

	Mobile phone A	Mobile phone B
Disassembly	Score A.1	Score B.1
Tools	Score A.2	Score B.2
Availability of spare parts	Score A.3	Score B.3
Disassembly manual	Score A.4	Score B.4



1.Rear camera – unplug the connector and gently lift the module.
2.Front camera – detach small clips and slide out the unit.
3.Sensor module – loosen adhesive and lift with care to avoid damage.
4.Battery – peel adhesive strips or use isopropyl alcohol for release.
5.Loudspeaker – unscrew securing brackets and lift the assembly.
6.Antenna – disconnect the tiny coaxial cables with precision tools.
7.Display connector – disconnect flex cables after unscrewing shields.
8.Vibrating motor – remove screws and pry gently to free from frame.
9.Microphone – desolder or detach depending on model integration.

RE-Indicators

REpairability example

	Mobile phone A	Mobile phone B
Disassembly	Score A.1	Score B.1
Tools	Score A.2	Score B.2
Availability of spare parts	Score A.3	Score B.3
Disassembly manual	Score A.4	Score B.4
Total REpairability score	Score A	Score B

Mobile phone A Mobile phone B

RE-Indicators

The RE-indicators is relevant for multiple stakeholders across the value chain:

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- **For remanufacturers**, accessing information on which parts are critical, how to access them, which tools to use, and whether spare parts are available.

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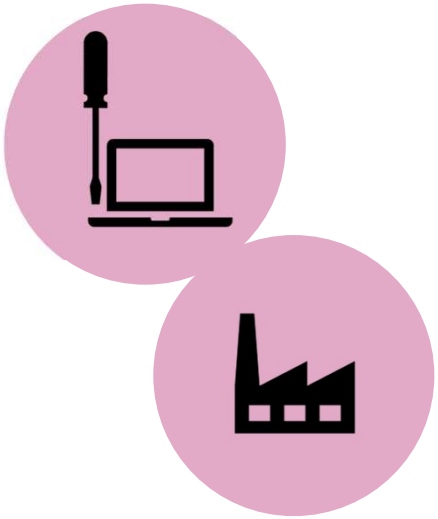
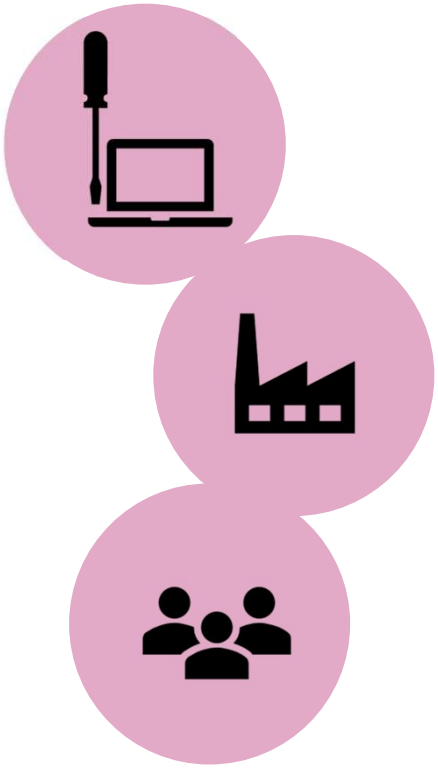
- **For remanufacturers**, accessing information on which parts are critical, how to access them, which tools to use, and whether spare parts are available.
- **For product designers**, providing guidance on where to act in design and production to improve product circularity and overall performance.



RE-Indicators

The RE-indicators is relevant for multiple stakeholders across the value chain:

- **For remanufacturers**, accessing information on which parts are critical, how to access them, which tools to use, and whether spare parts are available.
- **For product designers**, providing guidance on where to act in design and production to improve product circularity and overall performance.
- **For consumers**, serving as an understandable measure of the product's repairability and sustainability.



Coming Soon

Methodological foundations of the CE-RISE – Indicators

Smriti Anand Jha, Salgam setenay, Joana Francisco Morgado, Kirsten Remmen, Patrick Wäger

Wednesday, September 3rd

2A Measuring and Advancing Circularity in Consumer & Industrial Goods

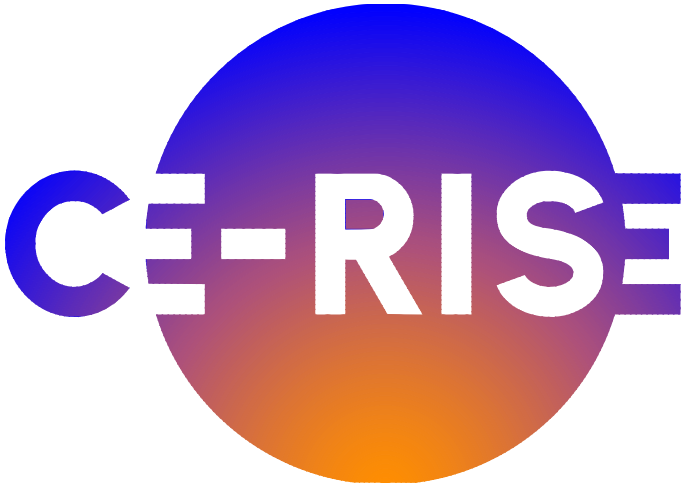
Scientific Session

11:00 AM – 12:15 PM

Salle 4

CONSUMER/IND GOODS

Contact details



Barilli Francesco & Jha Smriti Anand

Empa

Switzerland

francesco.barilli@empa.ch & Smritianand.Jha@empa.ch

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Leveraging DPPs for the calculation of:
SOCIOECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL (SEE) IMPACTS

Sónia Cunha | Assistant Professor | Leiden University

Berend Mintjes | PhD Student | Leiden University

Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
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Confederazione Svizzera
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Universiteit Leiden

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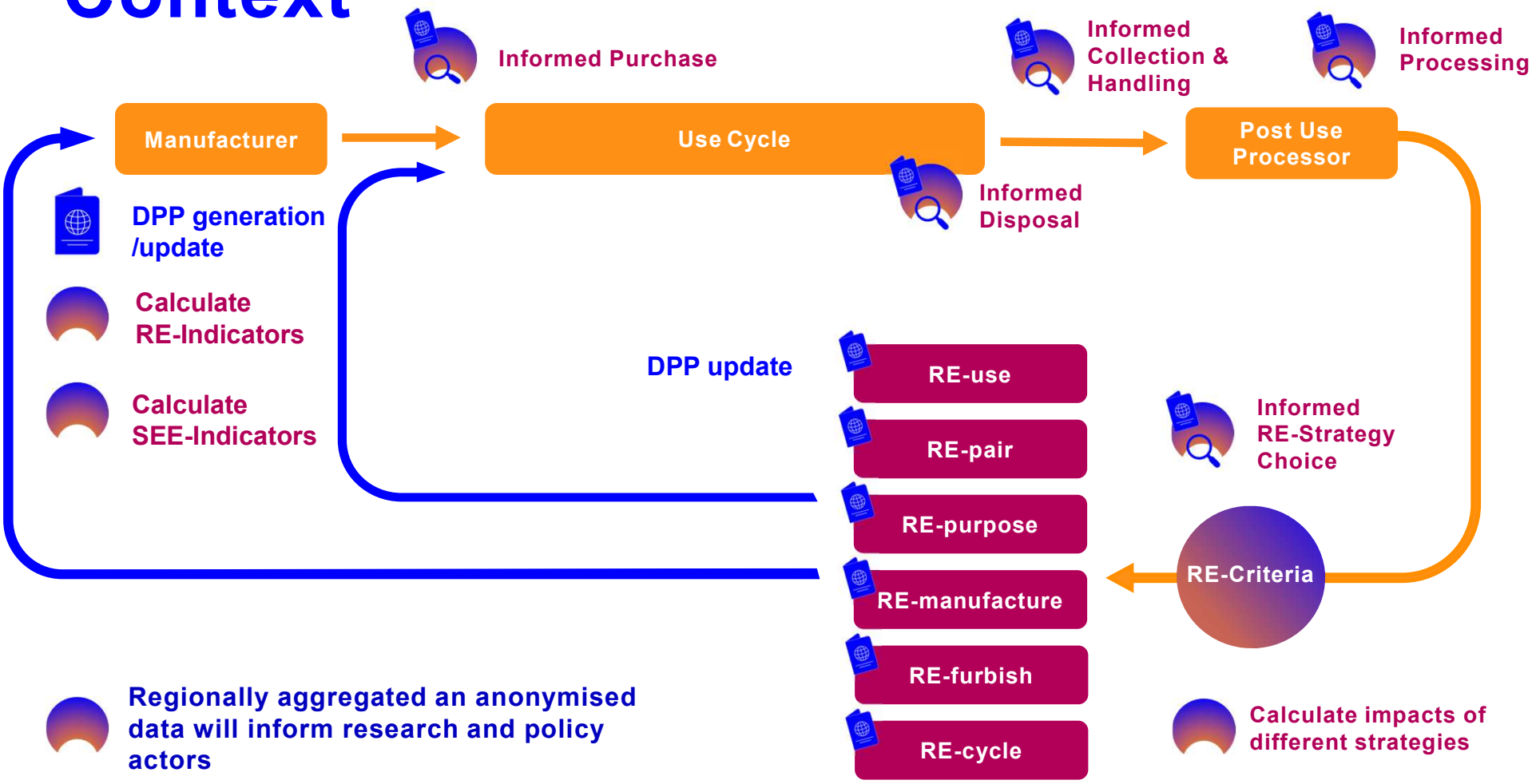
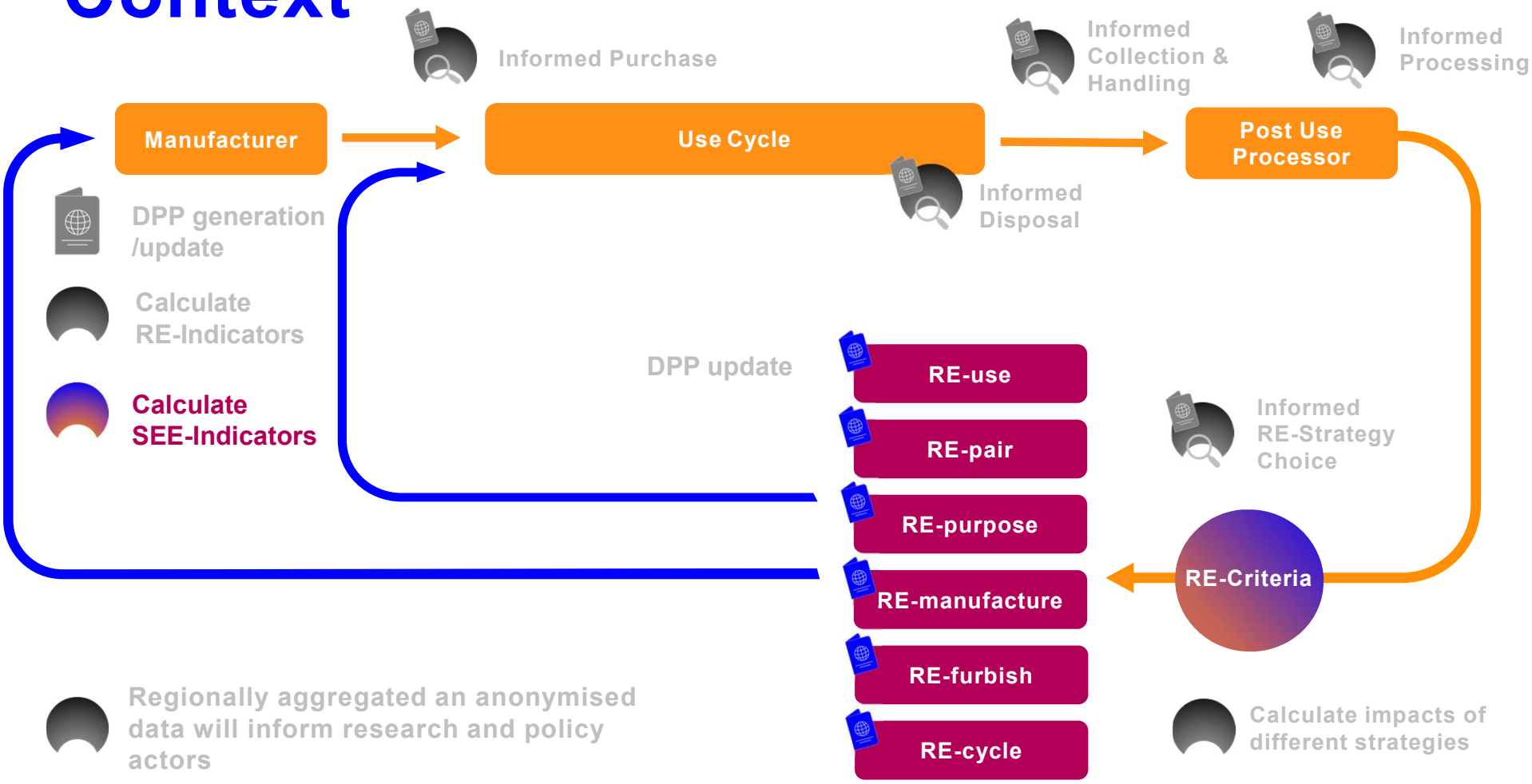
Context


Informed Purchase
Informed Collection & Handling
Informed Processing
Manufacturer
Use Cycle
Post Use Processor
Informed Disposal
DPP generation /update
Calculate RE-Indicators
Calculate SEE-Indicators
DPP update
RE-use
RE-pair
RE-purpose
RE-manufacture
RE-furbish
RE-cycle
Informed RE-Strategy Choice
RE-Criteria
Regionally aggregated an anonymised data will inform research and policy actors
Calculate impacts of different strategies

Context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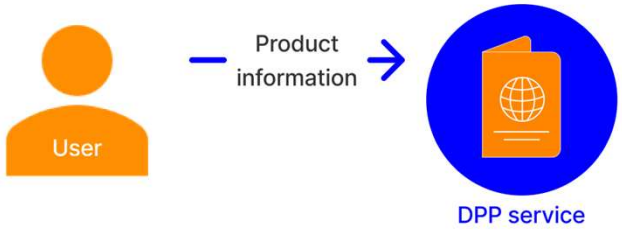
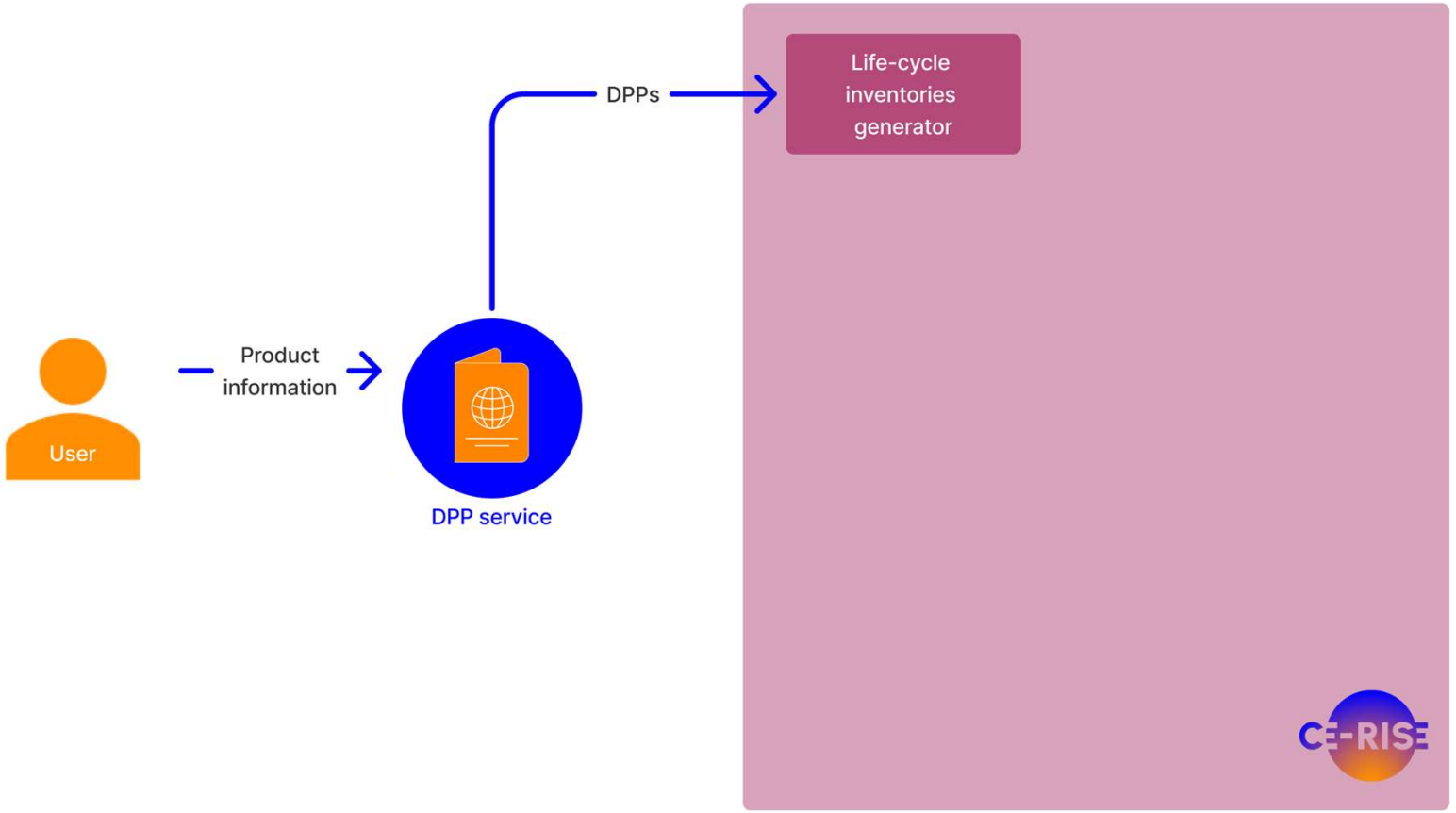
Context

- The DPP is used for data sharing anyway, so why not share data on the inputs, outputs and impacts of your own processes?
- By sharing process data through the DPP, less data gathering is needed.
- You provide information on **your own process only** and can use linked DPP processes for impact assessment across their full value chain.

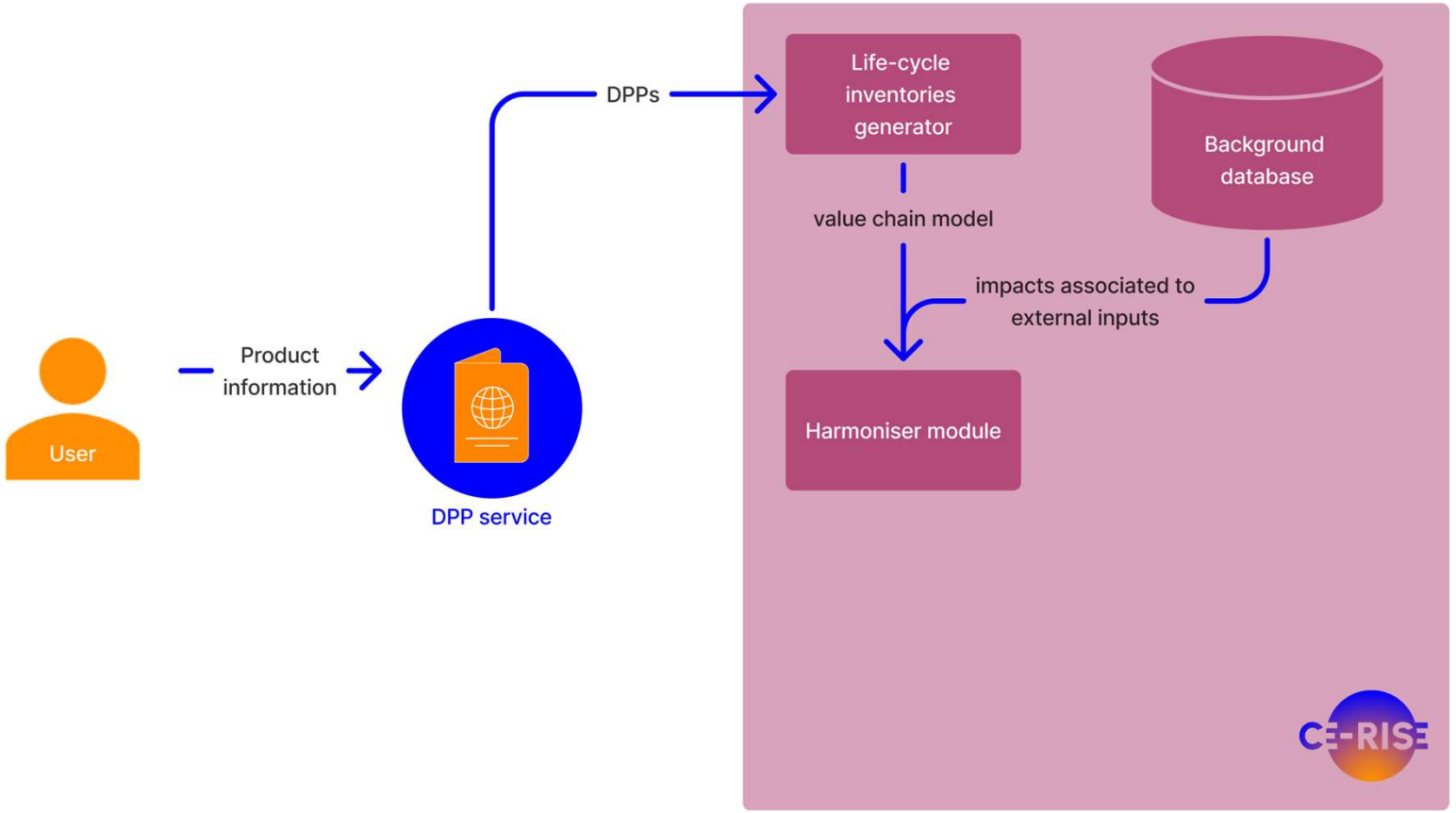
Method



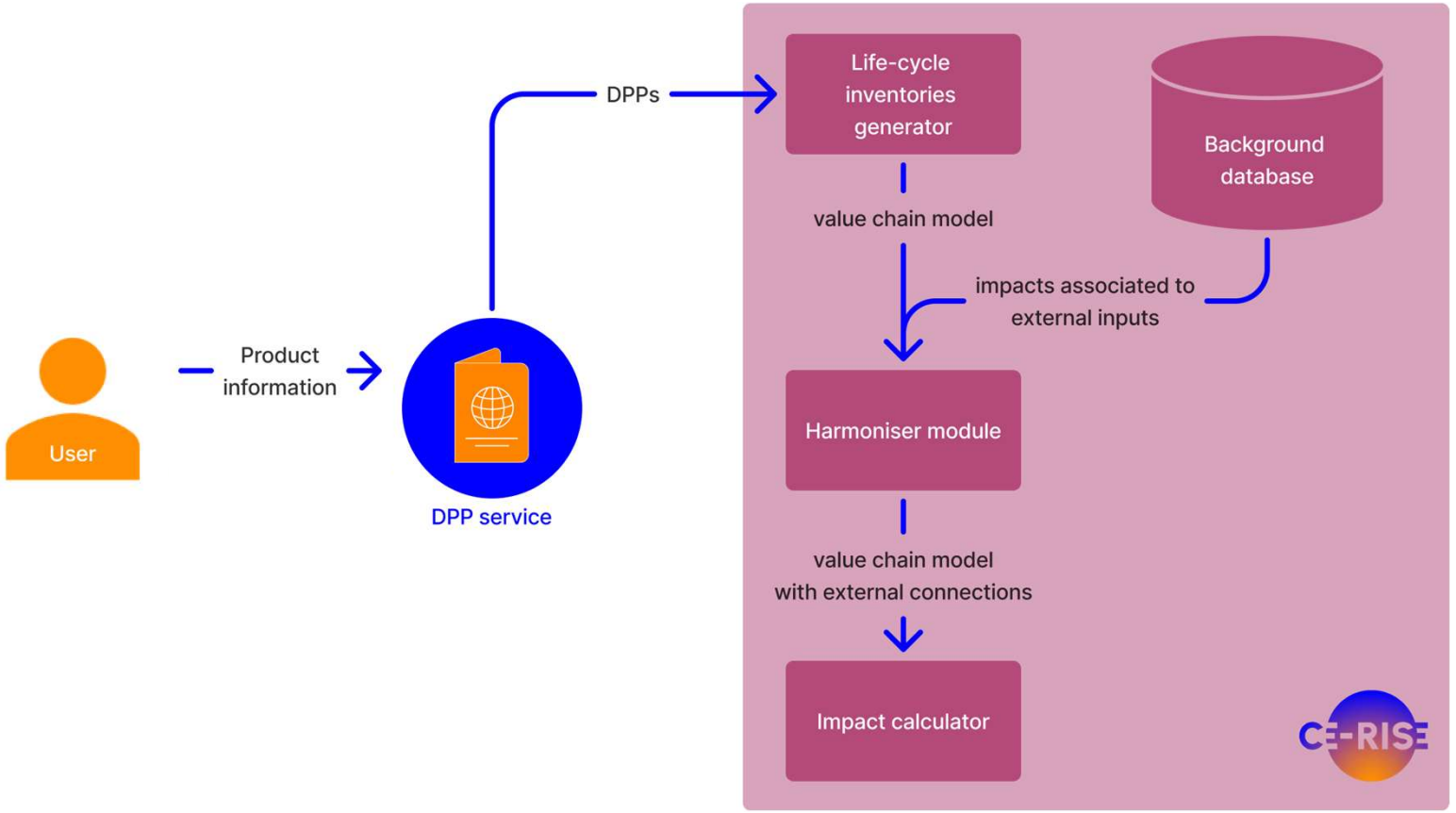
Method


DPPs
Life-cycle inventories generator
Product information
User
DPP service

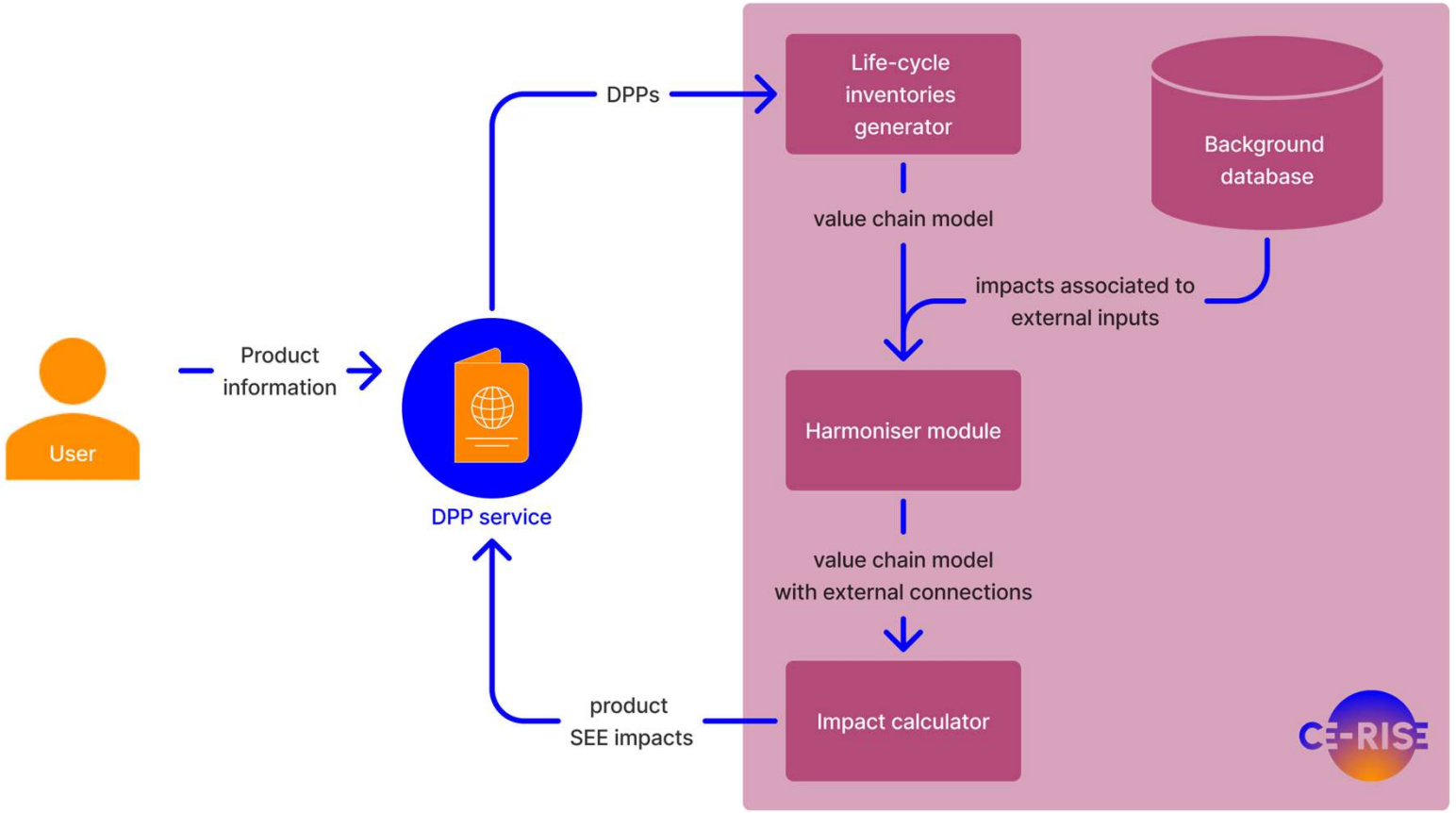
Method


DPPs
Life-cycle inventories generator
Background database
value chain model
impacts associated to external inputs
Harmoniser module
Product information
User
DPP service

Method


DPPs
Life-cycle inventories generator
Background database
value chain model
impacts associated to external inputs
Product information
User
DPP service
Harmoniser module
value chain model with external connections
Impact calculator

Method


DPPs
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Background database
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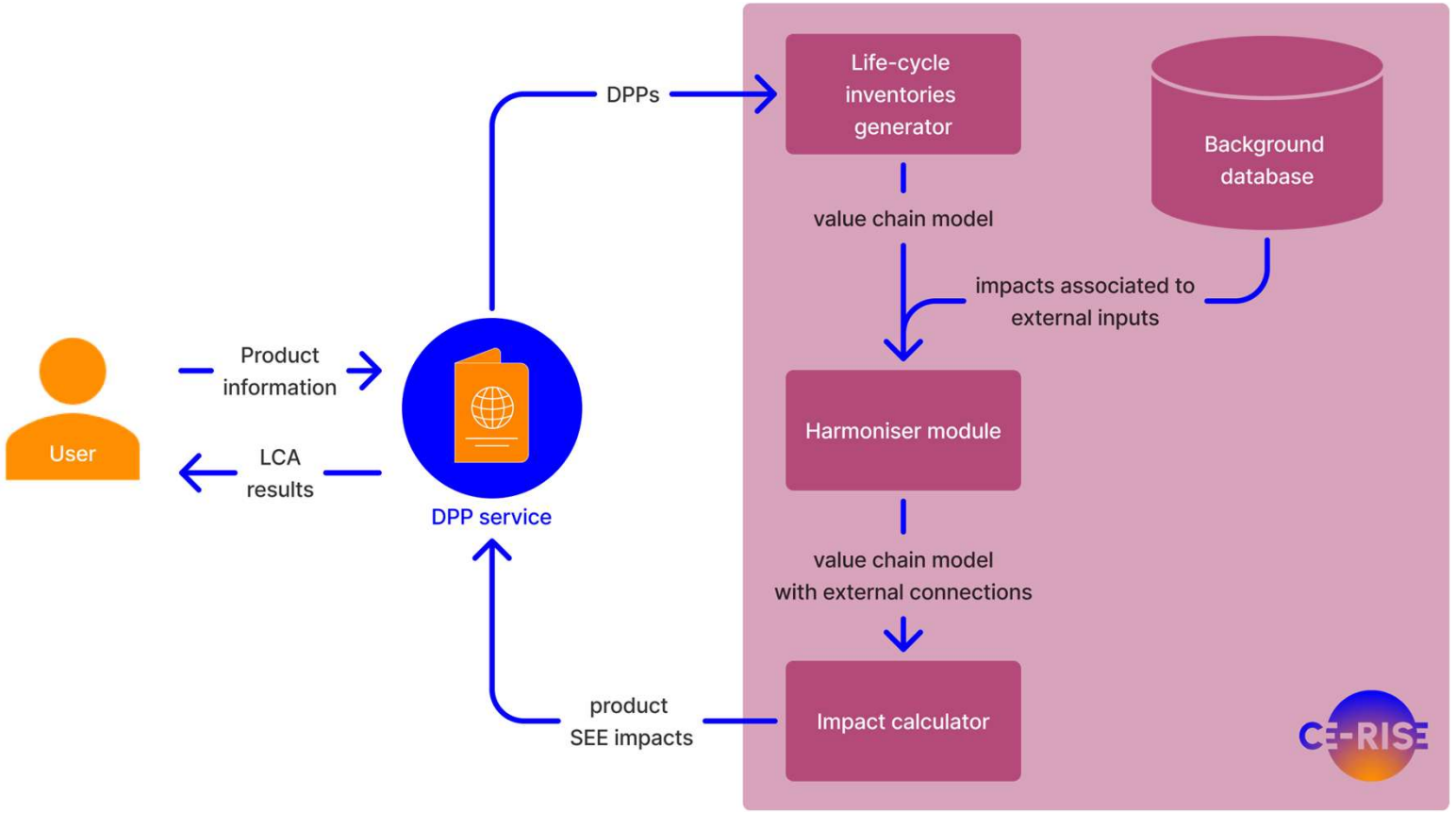
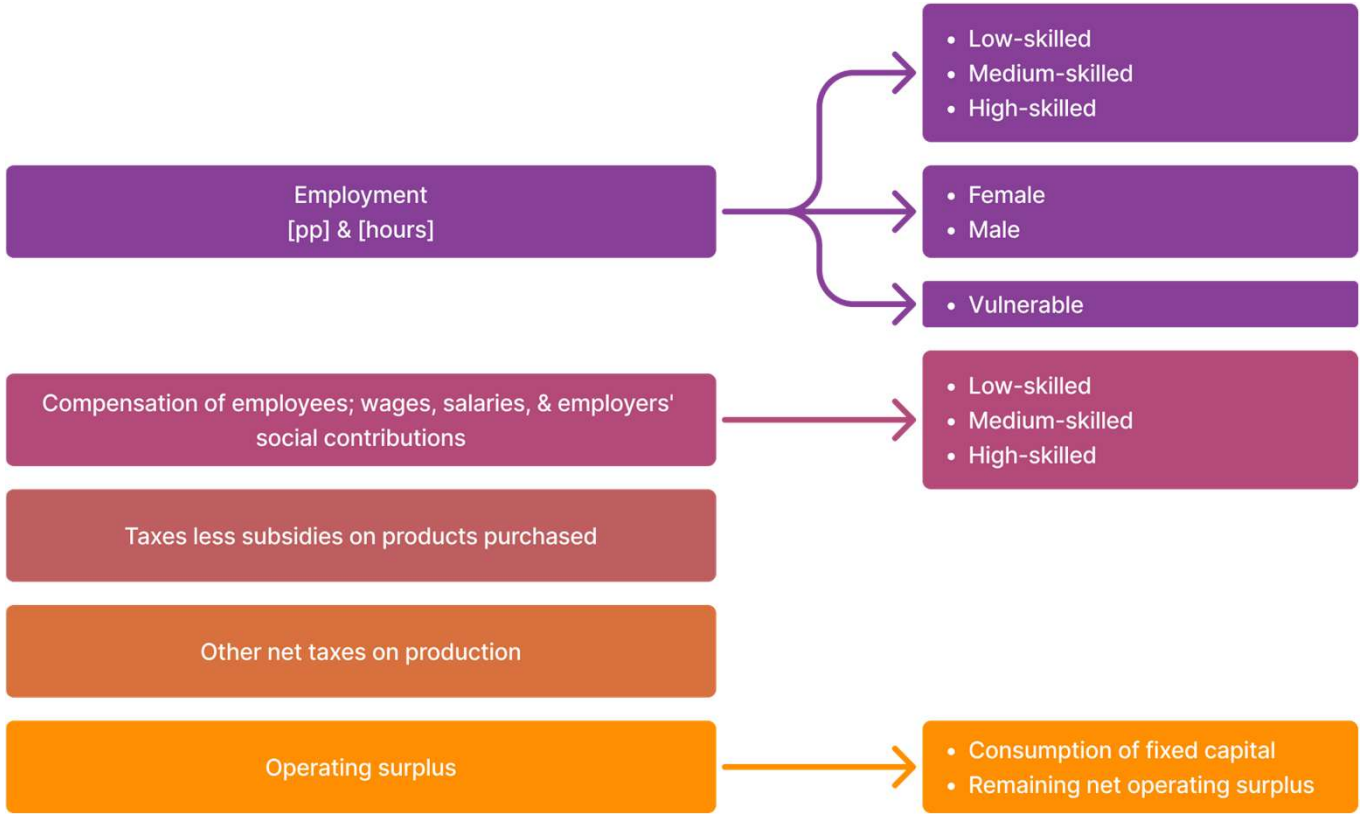
Method


DPPs
Life-cycle inventories generator
Background database
value chain model
impacts associated to external inputs
Product information
User
LCA results
DPP service
Harmoniser module
value chain model with external connections
product SEE impacts
Impact calculator

Results – Socioeconomic impacts

- Socioeconomic impact categories covered:



Results – Environmental impacts

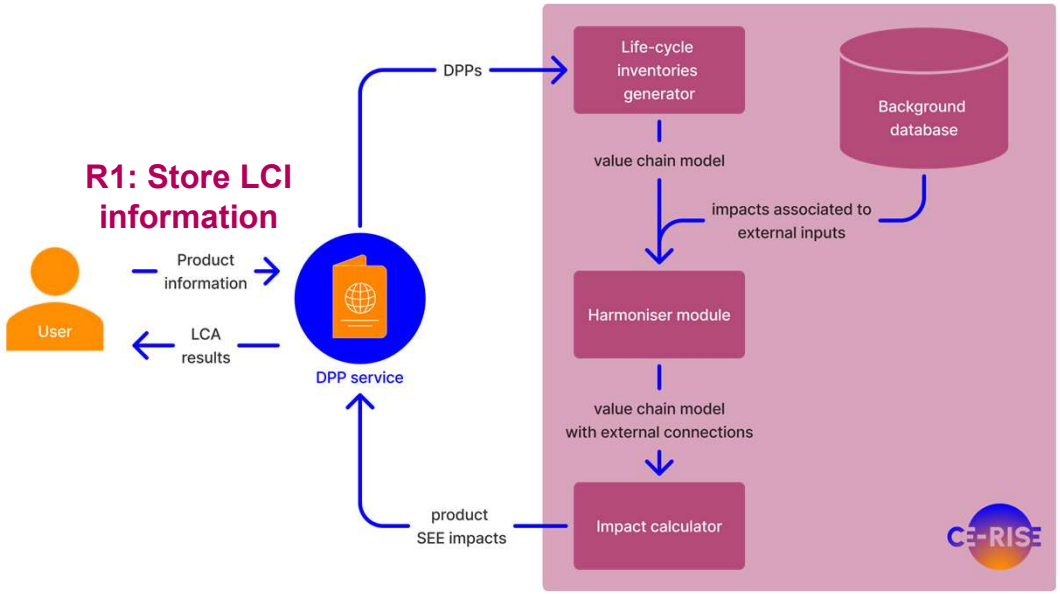
- Product Environmental Footprint compliant impact assessment results – 16 categories:

Climate change	Eutrophication, terrestrial
Ozone depletion	Eutrophication, freshwater
Human toxicity, cancer	Eutrophication, marine
Human toxicity, non-cancer	Ecotoxicity, freshwater
Particulate matter	Land use
Ionising radiation, human health	Water use
Photochemical ozone formation, human health	Resource use, minerals and metals
Acidification	Resource use, fossils

Discussion

- **Confidentiality**: Process data is more sensitive than the impact assessment results, in our system, the software service has access to anonymised process data, but other actors do not have this

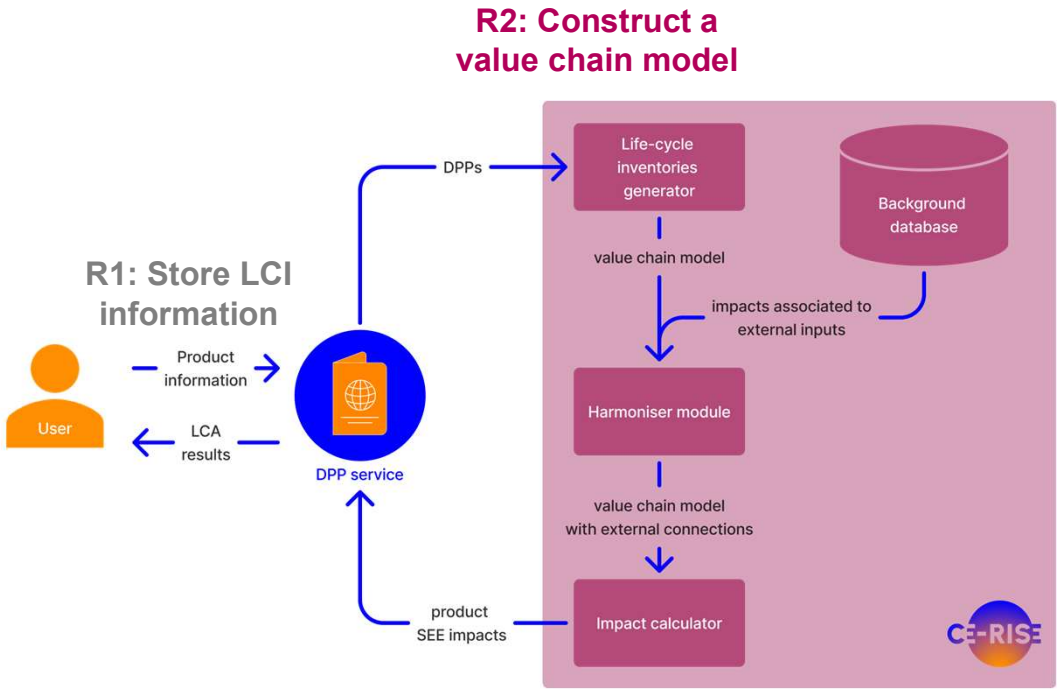
- Reduced data gathering burden



Discussion

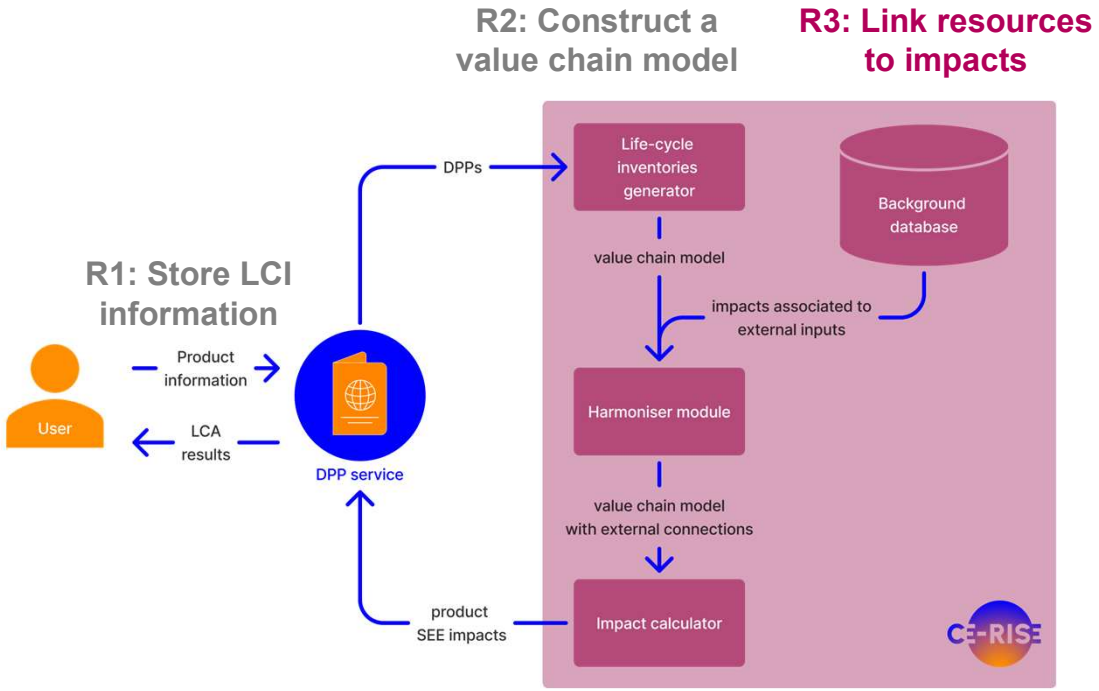
Use phase data

- a full (cradle-to-grave) impact analysis by an OEM requires data on phases after manufacturing which is not in the DPP yet
- a full-scale analysis outside the system requires gathering or modelling this data as well, and the system still reduces the data gathering burden for component manufacturing and resource use.



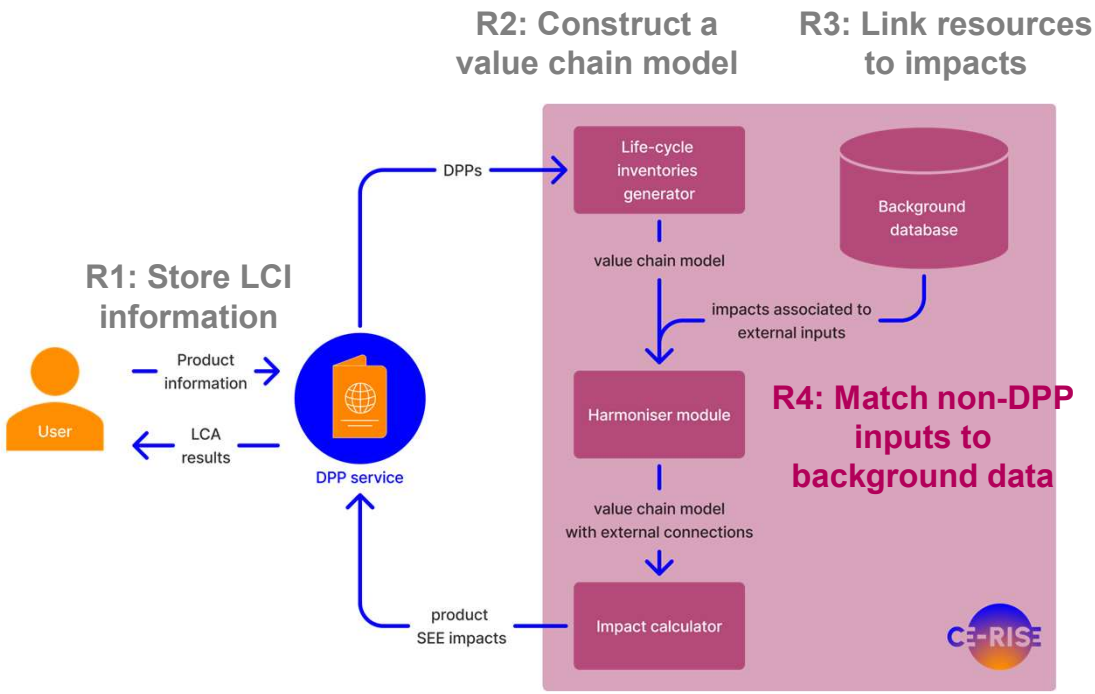
Discussion

- Reduced data gathering burden
- Ensures comparability and PEF compliance



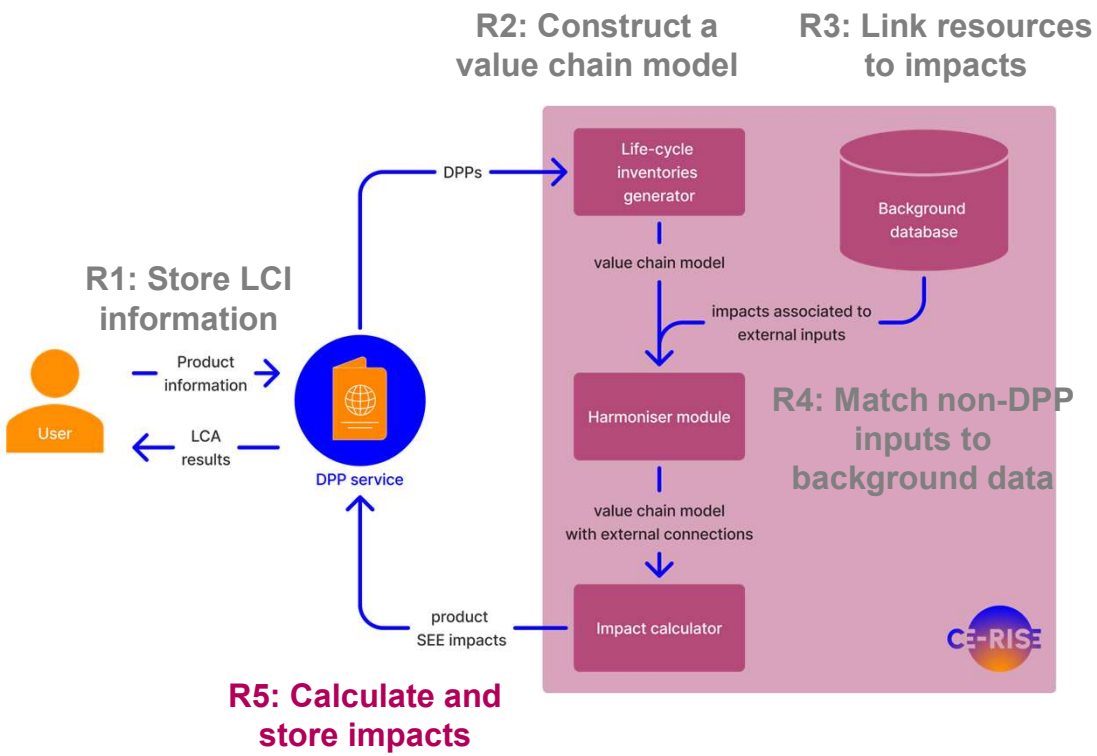
Discussion

- Machine learning, or
- Correspondence tables, or
- User uses known classifications



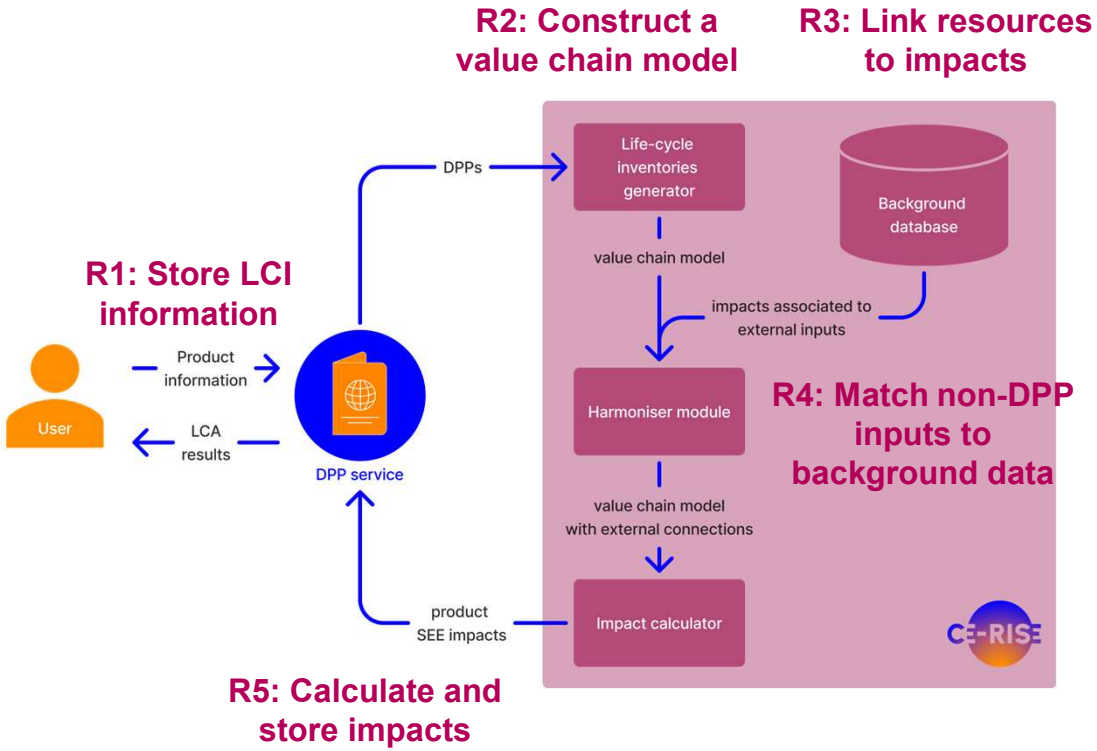
Discussion

- In system calculations ensire that impacts are calculated in a standardised and comparable way
- User has access to product specific impacts by only providing and having access to its own data



Discussion

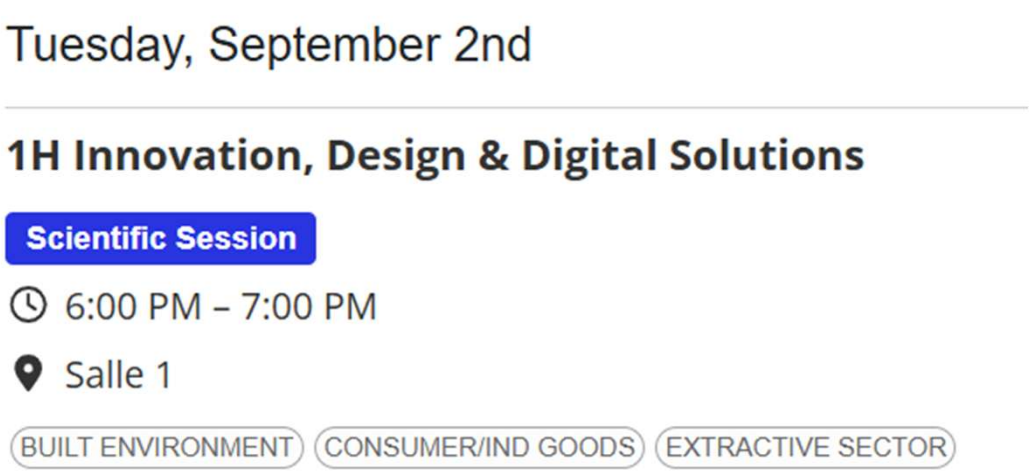
- The integration of the DPP with the CE-RISE system for impact calculation provides users with a streamlined process that reduces data gathering and calculation burden while providing comparable and standardized SEE results.
- Challenges: use phase data and and category matching



Coming Soon:

Enhancing sustainability assessments? The role of digital product passports in industrial ecology

Yanan Liang, Sónia Cunha, Berend Mintjes, Robert Istrate - Leiden University



Contact details

Sónia Cunha
Leiden University
Leiden, The Netherlands
s.martins.da.cunha@cml.leidenuniv.nl

VIESSMANN CASE STUDY

Combining green energy, circularity and digitalization

01.09.2025 I Andreas Wade I Viessmann Climate Solutions

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Swiss Confederation

Federal Department of Economic Affairs, Education and Research EAER
State Secretariat for Education, Research and Innovation SERI

EU Framework Programmes

UK Research and Innovation

VIESSMANN Climate Solutions

Funded by the European Union

Vitocal 250-A Heat Pump

VIESMANN
Climate Solutions

Deconstruction to DPP level

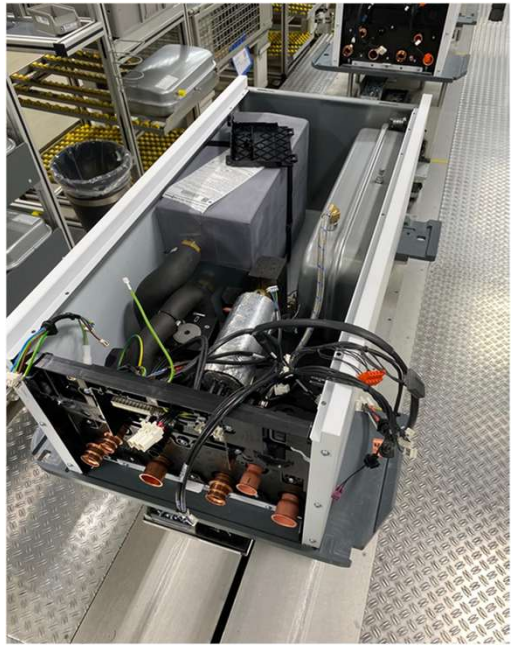
1. Buffer tank
2. Diaphragm vessel
3. Motor
4. Water pump

1. Accumulator
2. Fan
3. Refrigerant circuit containing:
   a. 2 heat exchangers
   b. Accumulator
   c. Compressor
   d. Electronic inverter
   e. Copper pipes
   f. Aluminum heat sinks
   g. Thermoplastics
   h. Insulation
4. Metal sheets (outer covering)

Indoor unit

Outdoor unit

Deconstruction to DPP level



Indoor unit

Outdoor unit

Supply Chain Challenge (Cradle to Gate)

Climate Solutions

Tier n

Tier 4

Tier 1

Waste

Resource extraction

Processing & Refining

Raw material supplier

Resource extraction

Processing & Refining

Raw material supplier

Third party raw material supplier

Resource extraction

Processing & Refining

Raw material supplier

Third party raw material supplier

Third party finished component supplier

Resource extraction

Processing & Refining

Raw material supplier

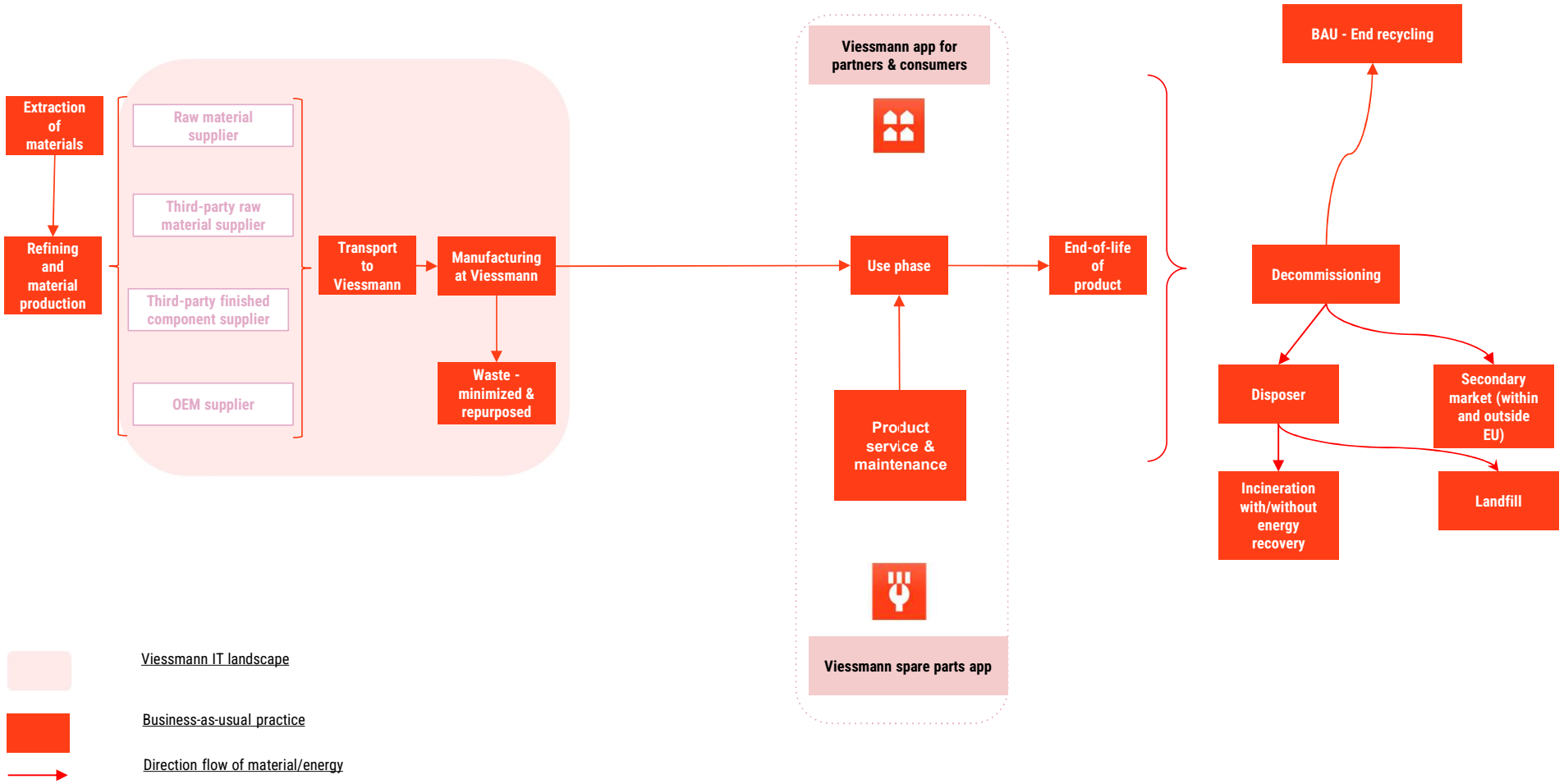
Third party raw material supplier

Third party finished component supplier

OEM supplier

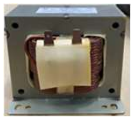
Consumables

Life Cycle


Extraction of materials
Refining and material production
Raw material supplier
Third-party raw material supplier
Third-party finished component supplier
OEM supplier
Transport to Viessmann
Manufacturing at Viessmann
Waste - minimized & repurposed
Viessmann app for partners & consumers
Use phase
Product service & maintenance
Viessmann spare parts app
End-of-life of product
BAU - End recycling
Decommissioning
Disposer
Incineration with/without energy recovery
Secondary market (within and outside EU)
Landfill
Viessmann IT landscape
Business-as-usual practice
Direction flow of material/energy

Upstream Value Chain

Copper



Electrical - AC Choke

Steel

Water pump

Electronics

Fan

Insulation

Joinery

Compressor

Condenser

Evaporator

Thermoplastics

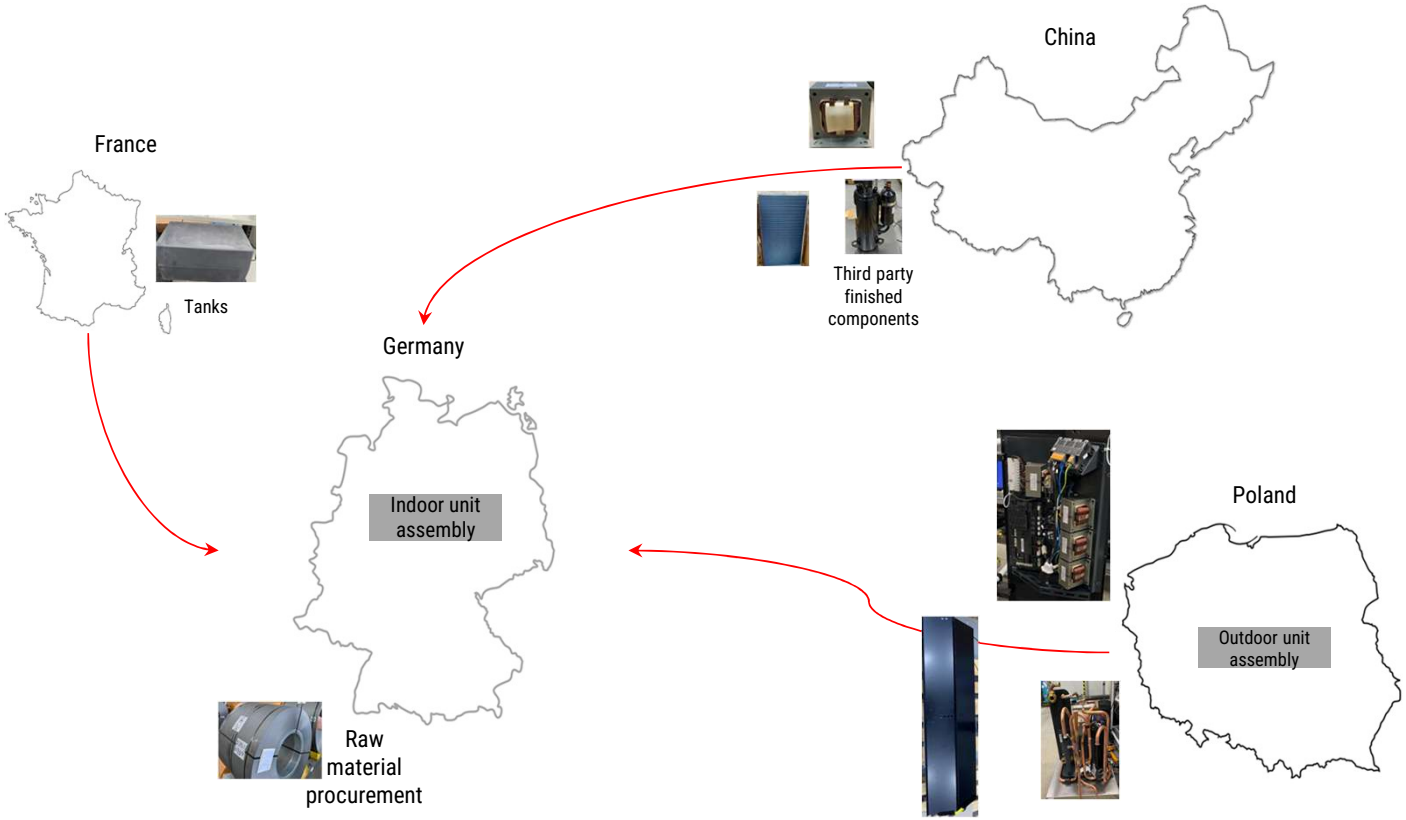
Raw material supplier

Third-party raw material supplier

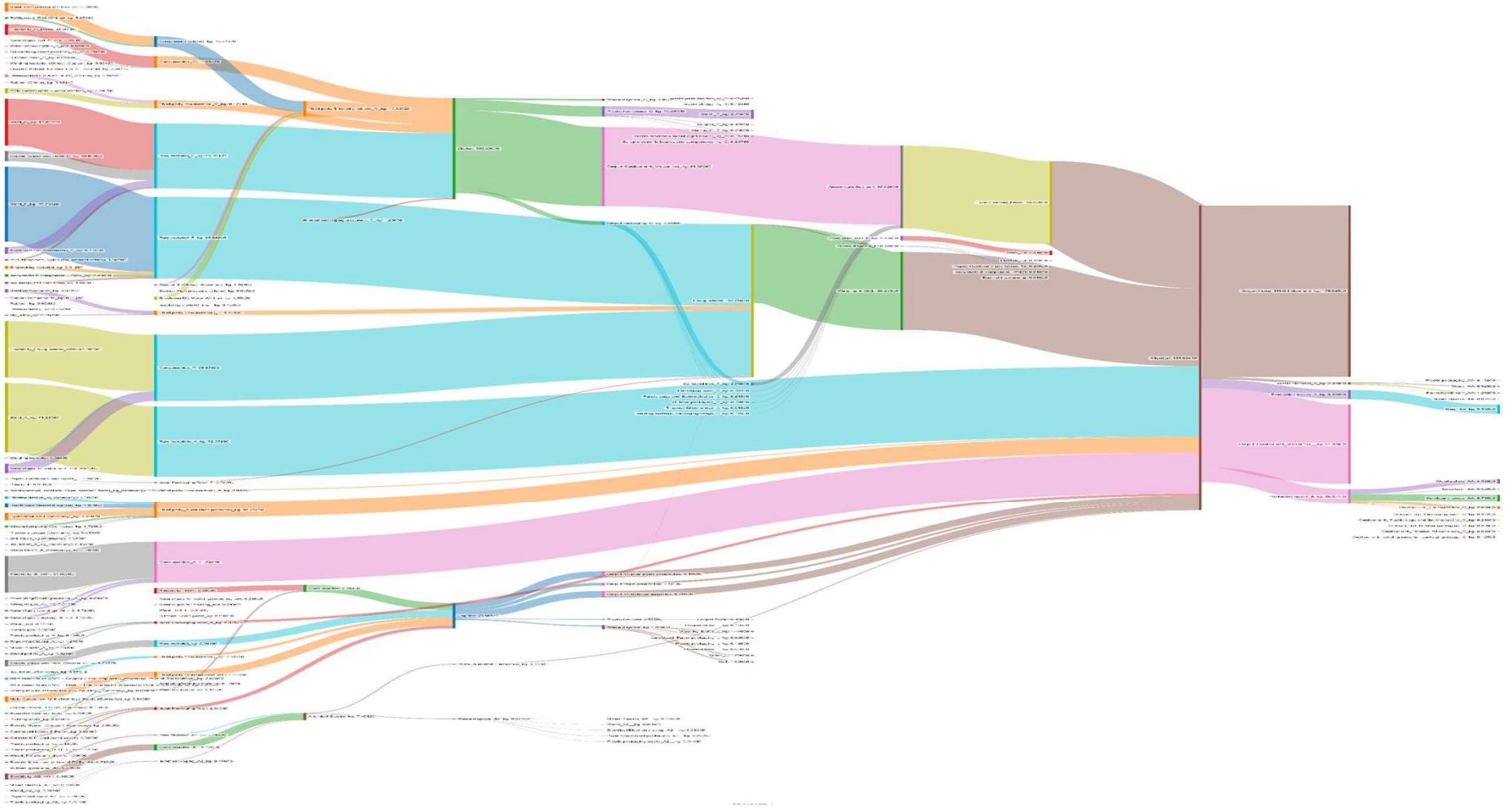
Third-party finished component supplier

OEM supplier

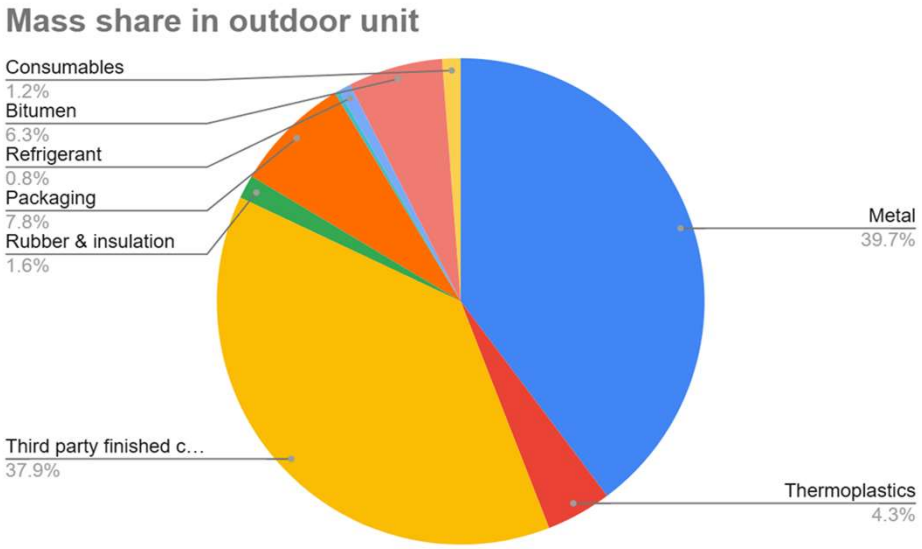
Upstream Value Chain



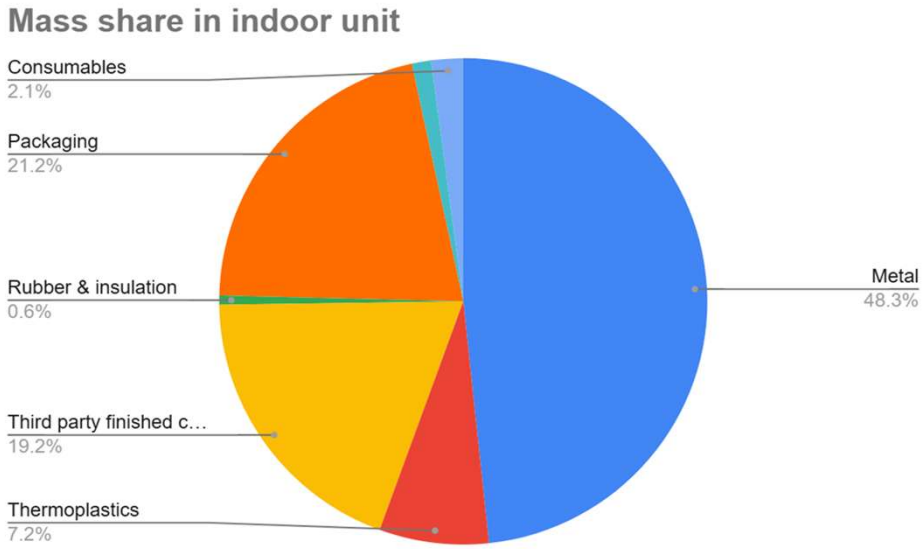
Upstream Value Chain



Mass Share – Vitocal 250-A

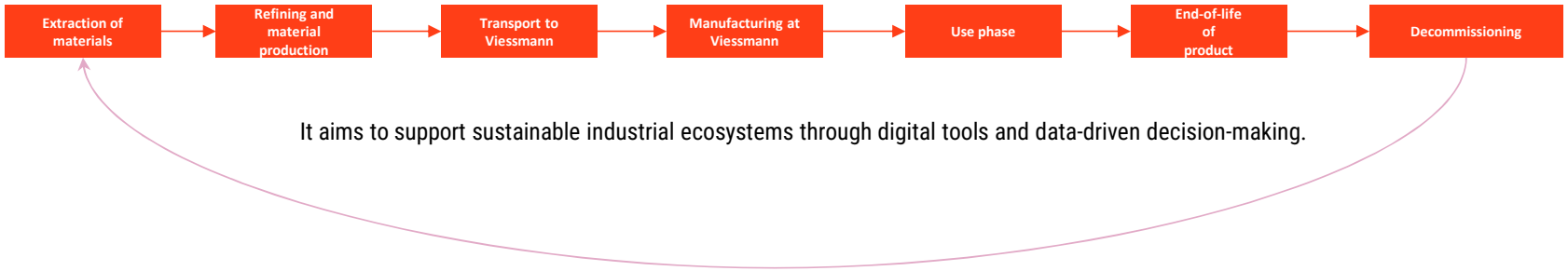


244 kg

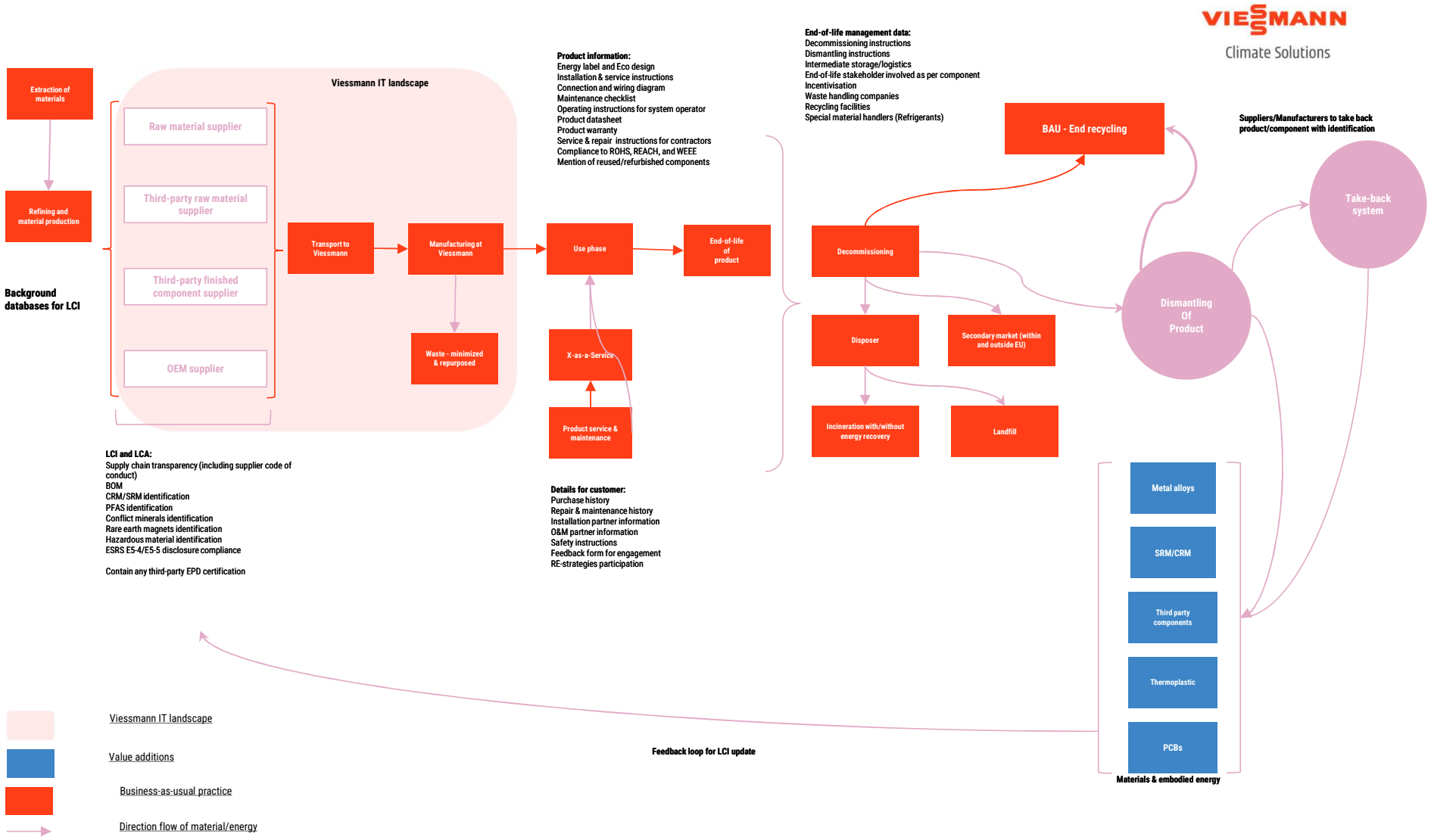


54 kg

CE-RISE Value Proposition



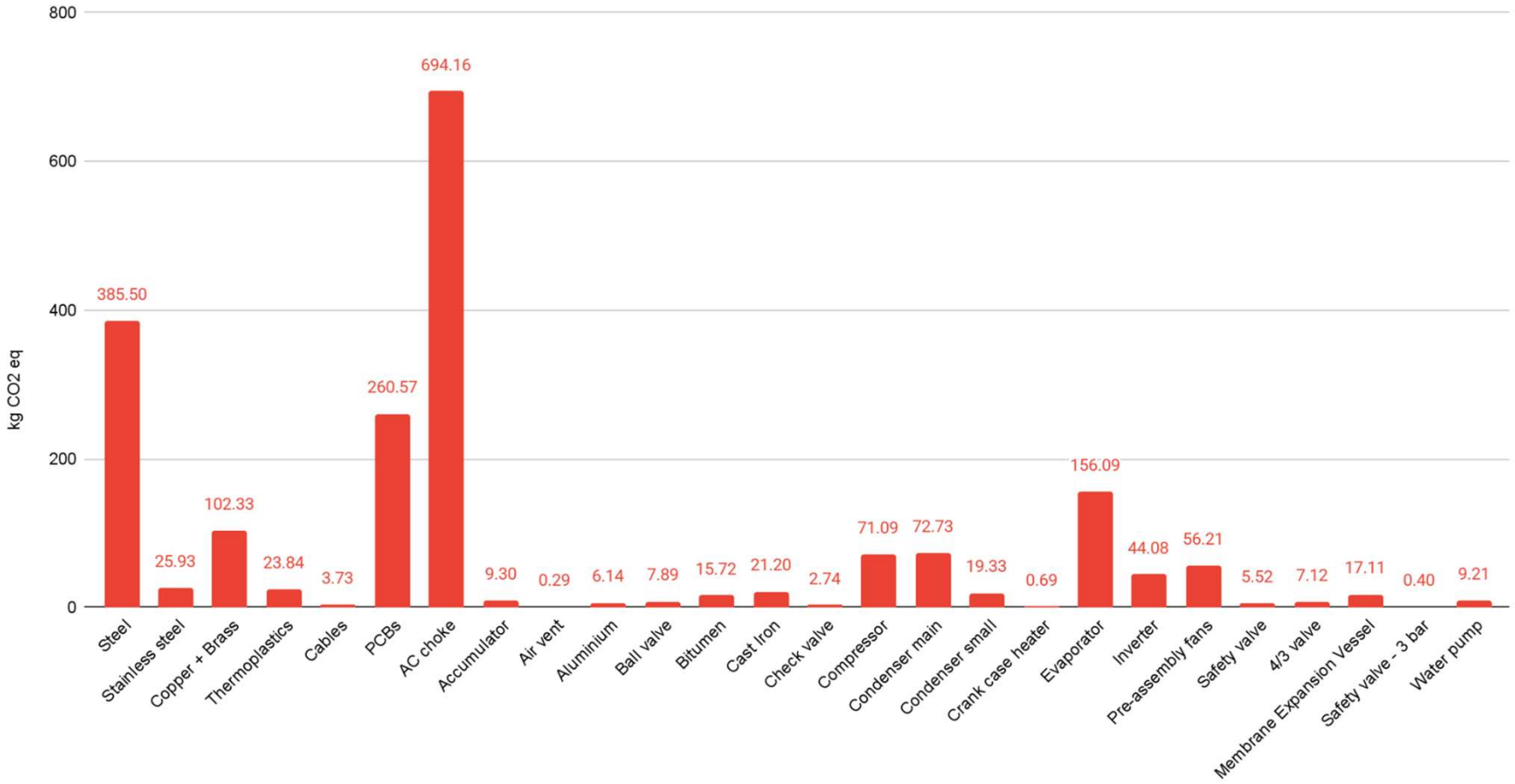
It aims to support sustainable industrial ecosystems through digital tools and data-driven decision-making.


Extraction of materials
Refining and material production
Background databases for LCI
Viessmann IT landscape
Raw material supplier
Third-party raw material supplier
Third-party finished component supplier
OEM supplier
Transport to Viessmann
Manufacturing at Viessmann
Waste - minimized & repurposed
Use phase
X-as-a-Service
Product service & maintenance
End-of-life of product
Product information:
Energy label and Eco design
Installation & service instructions
Connection and wiring diagram
Maintenance checklist
Operating instructions for system operator
Product datasheet
Product warranty
Service & repair instructions for contractors
Compliance to ROHS, REACH, and WEEE
Mention of reused/refurbished components
End-of-life management data:
Decommissioning instructions
Dismantling instructions
Intermediate storage/logistics
End-of-life stakeholder involved as per component
Incentivisation
Waste handling companies
Recycling facilities
Special material handlers (Refrigerants)
BAU - End recycling
Suppliers/Manufacturers to take back product/component with identification
Take-back system
Decommissioning
Disposer
Secondary market (within and outside EU)
Incineration with/without energy recovery
Landfill
Dismantling Of Product
Metal alloys
SRM/CRM
Third party components
Thermoplastic
PCBs
Materials & embodied energy
LCI and LCA:
Supply chain transparency (including supplier code of conduct)
BOM
CRM/SRM identification
PFAS identification
Conflict minerals identification
Rare earth magnets identification
Hazardous material identification
ESRS E5-4/E5-5 disclosure compliance
Contain any third-party EPD certification
Details for customer:
Purchase history
Repair & maintenance history
Installation partner information
O&M partner information
Safety instructions
Feedback form for engagement
RE-strategies participation
Feedback loop for LCI update
Viessmann IT landscape
Value additions
Business-as-usual practice
Direction flow of material/energy

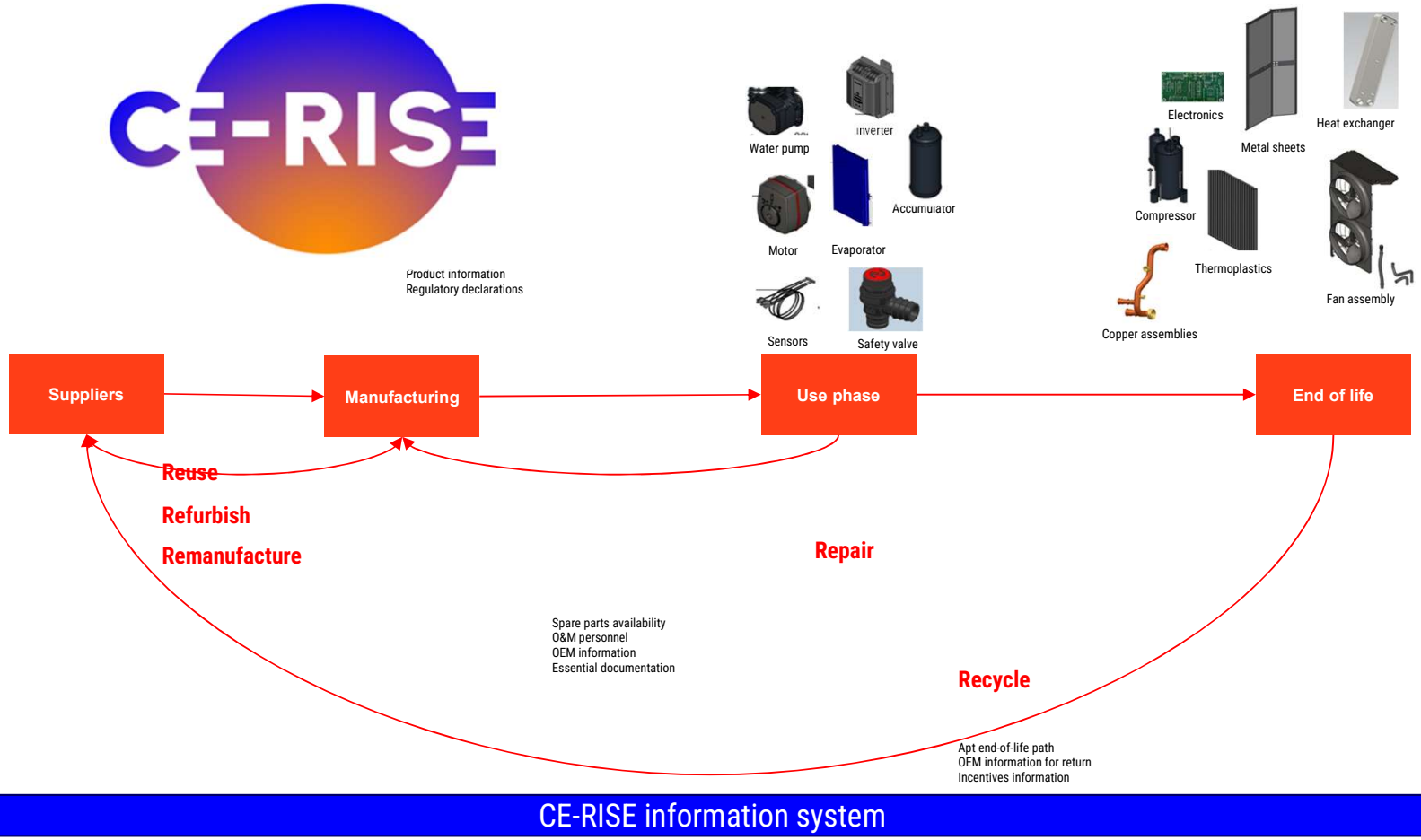
Downstream Value Chain

Metals	95% scrap sorting for recycling 5% landfill
Thermoplastics	80% for incineration with energy recovery 20% landfill
Rubber & insulation	80% for incineration with energy recovery 20% landfill
Refrigerant	Recovered at end of life (excluding leakages)
Electronics (PCBs & Cables)	100% landfill
Third party finished components	Dismantled to insert in right value chains

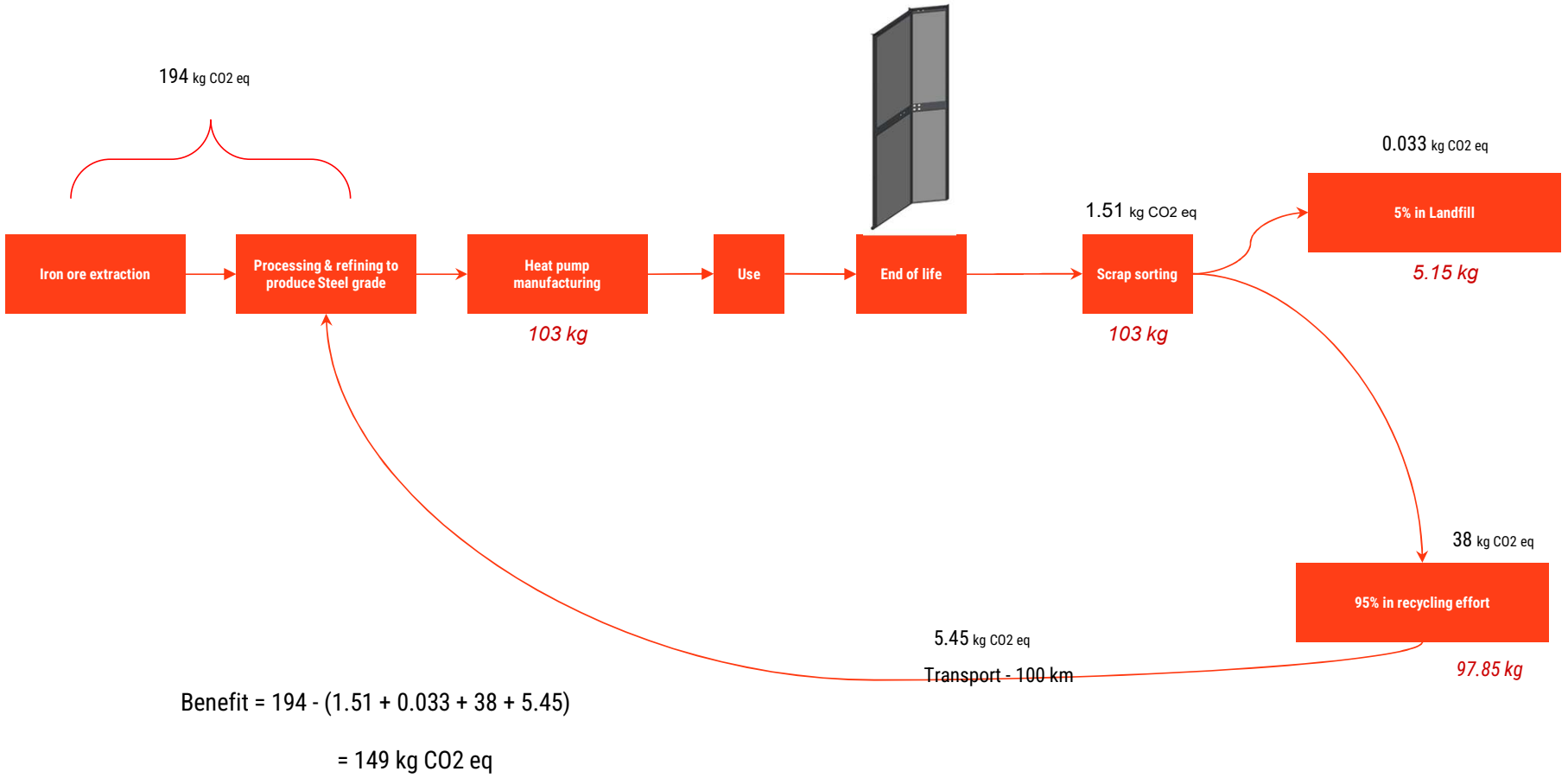
Embodied Carbon – Vitocal 250-A



CE-RISE Enabled RE-Strategies



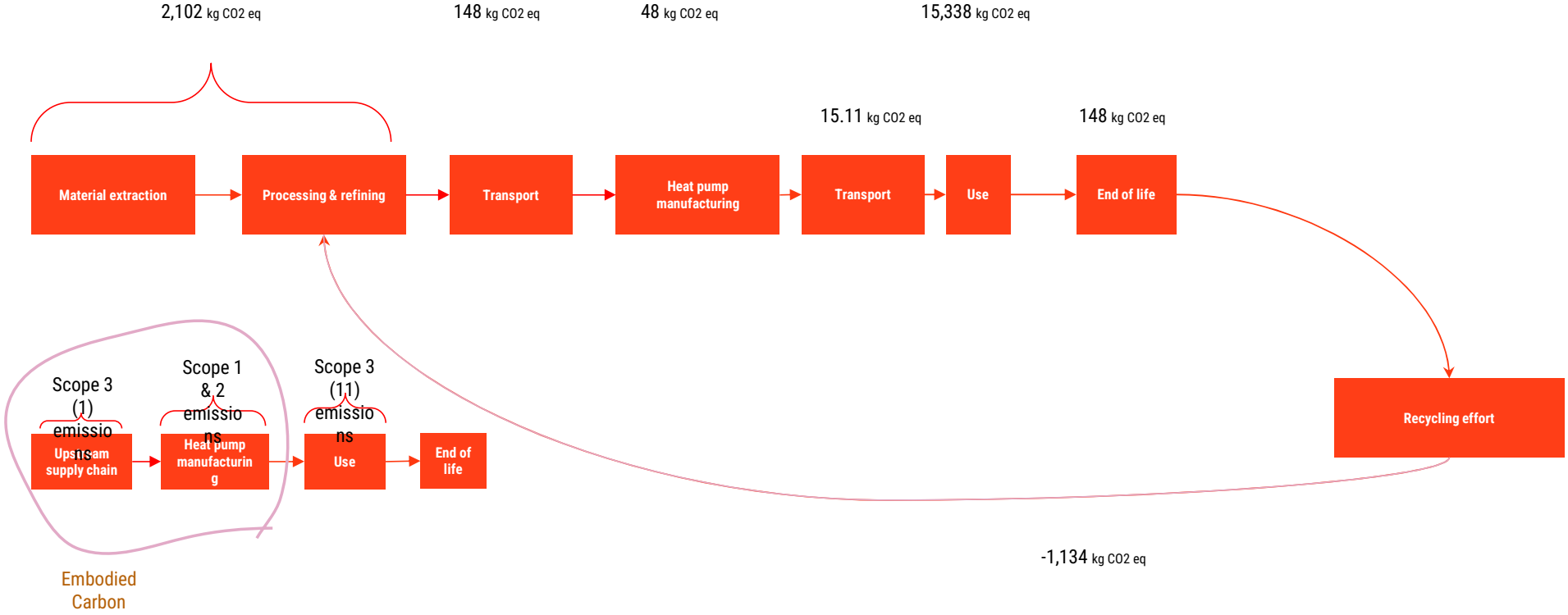
Circularity Benefit - Steel



Benefit = 194 - (1.51 + 0.033 + 38 + 5.45)

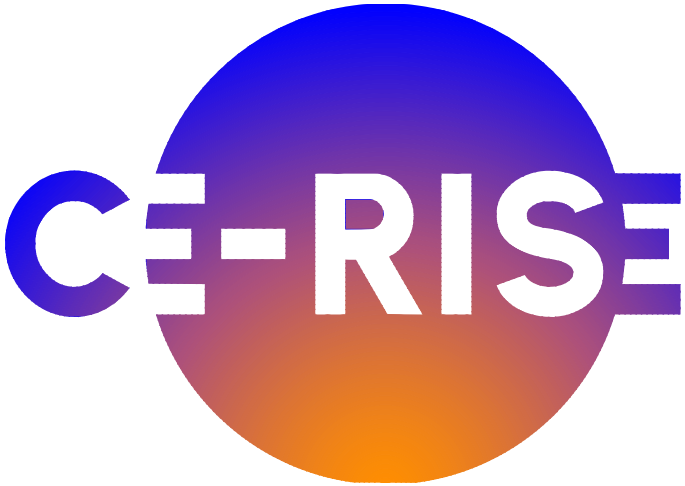
= 149 kg CO2 eq

Circularity Benefit – Heat Pump



Embodied carbon in new product: **968 kg CO2 eq** (**54%** reduction)

Contact details



Andreas Wade

Viessmann Climate Solutions

Berlin, Germany

wdan@viessmann.com

VIESSMANN

Climate Solutions

DATA INTEROPERABILITY

Riccardo Boero | Senior Scientist | NILU

Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

Federal Department of Economic Affairs,
Education and Research EAER
**State Secretariat for Education,
Research and Innovation SERI**

EU Framework Programmes

UK Research and Innovation

Funded by the European Union

Why Interoperability

🔑 **Data ownership**: allow sharing while respecting who controls the information

✔️ **Data quality**: ensure reliable data when data is migrated from siloed private systems

🧩 **Semantic alignment**: common meaning of terms is essential for information to be understood and compared

🌱 **Scalability & flexibility**: allow the DPP system to grow across sectors and adapt over time

Key Challenges

🔑 **Data ownership**: no clear rules (nor expectations) on how to maintain ownership in the DPP system

✔️ **Data quality**: current reality is siloed, proprietary solutions with little incentive or capacity to migrate data

🧩 **Semantic alignment**: lack of metadata and machine-readable open standards prevents common interpretation

🌱 **Scalability & flexibility**: closed, fragmented solutions cannot scale across sectors or adjust to new requirements

Expected Benefits

🔑 **Data ownership**: the cost of sharing is paid off through collective benefits in resource efficiency and circularity

✔️ **Data quality**: richer, comparable data improves decision-making, also for managing data itself

🧩 **Semantic alignment**: understand (machine-readable) information and reuse it for automation and analytics (including green tape)

🌱 **Scalability & flexibility**: enable data-driven innovation, even across value chains

Our (CE-RISE) Approach

🔑 **Data ownership**: open science approach for the transition from private data to shared value while maintaining control

✔️ **Data quality**: scientific methods to migrate and harmonize heterogeneous data, making outputs transparent and reusable

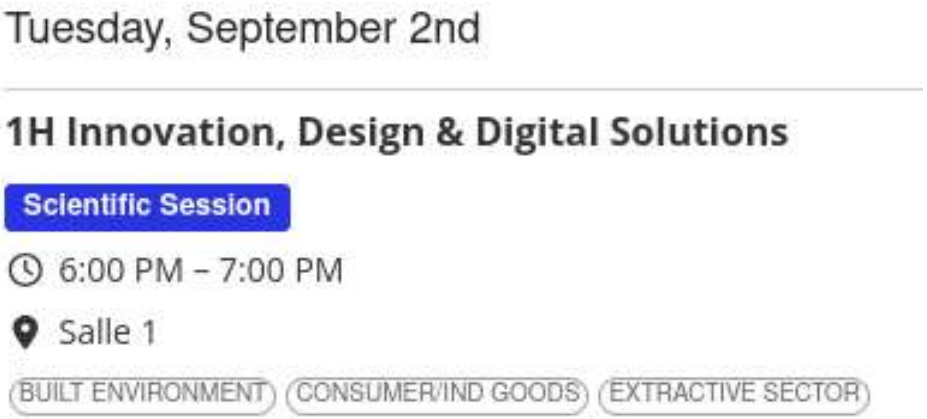
🧩 **Semantic alignment**: open-source, machine-readable standards to ensure a common understanding of information

🌱 **Scalability & flexibility**: open data standards + a modular foundation that adapts and fosters system-wide innovation

Coming Soon:

Quantifying the Potential of Digital Innovations to Advance Circular Economy in Consumer and Industrial Goods

Riccardo Boero, Miguel Las Heras Hernandez, Cristina Guerreiro | NILU



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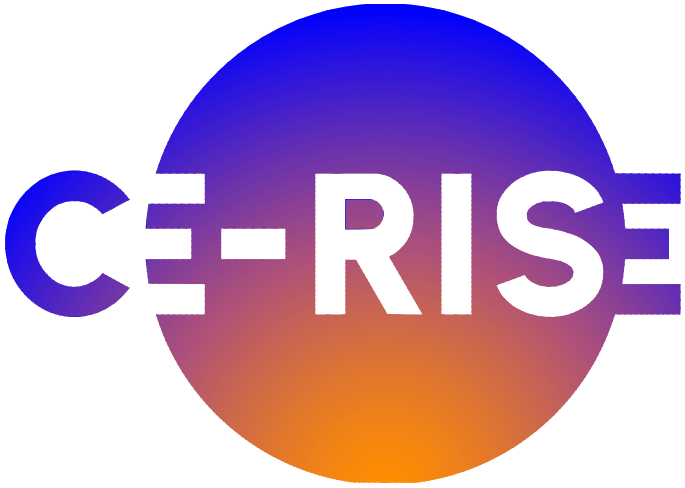

Riccardo Boero

NILU

Kjeller, Norway

ribo@nilu.no

nilu

Thank you !

ce-rise.eu

CE-RISE Project

Register as a stakeholder for updates and event invitations!

Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

Federal Department of Economic Affairs, Education and Research EAER
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EU Framework Programmes

UK Research and Innovation

nilu

Funded by the European Union

COFFEE BREAK 16:10-16:30

How can we better communicate the value of circularity - like repair, reuse and remanufacturing - to build customer trust?

CE-RISE Consumer Survey (5 minutes)

PANEL DISCUSSION

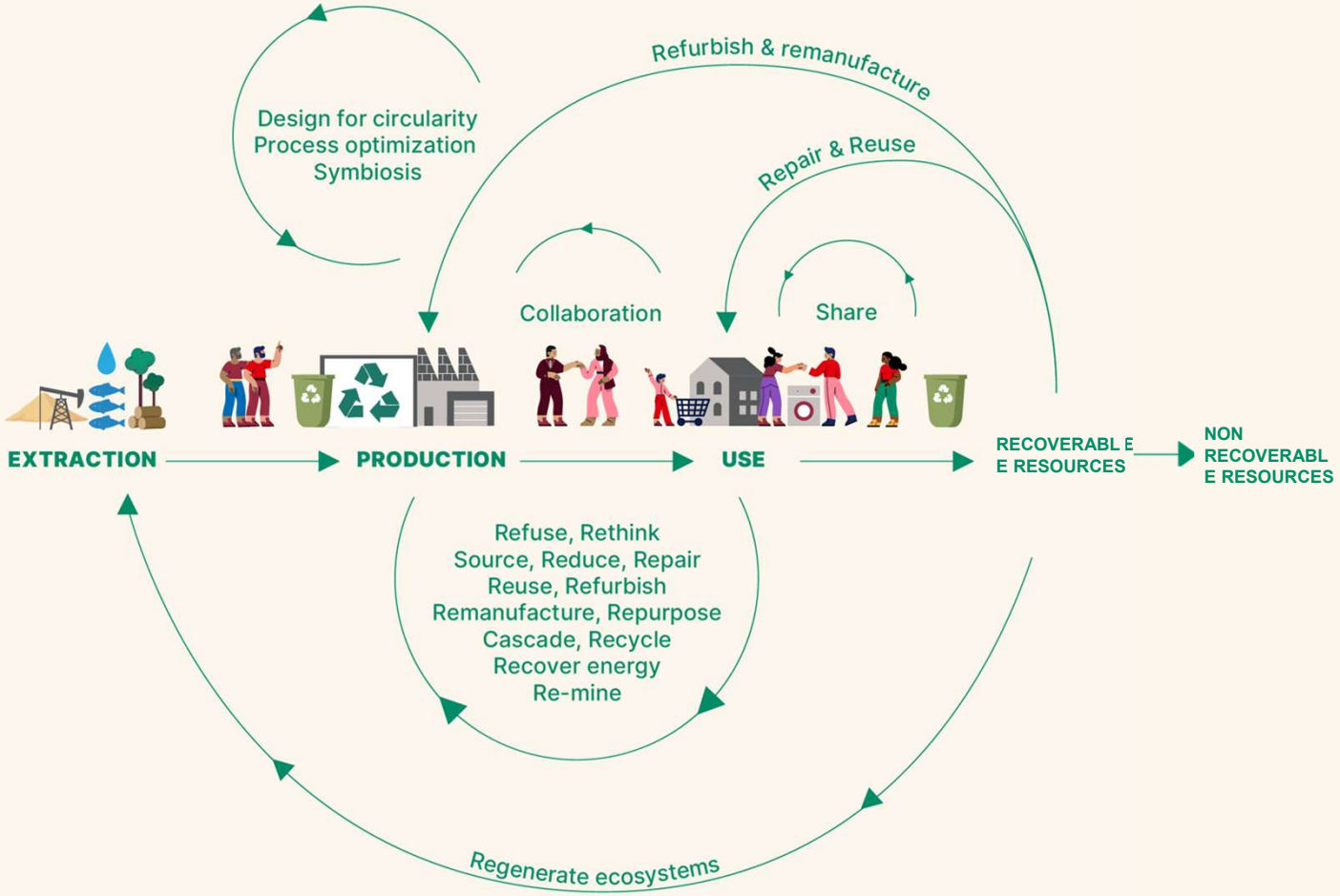
Catherine Chevauché
Circular Economy Director, Veolia

Reyna Ubeda
ITU-T SG5 Engineer: Environment, EMF, Climate Action and Circular Economy, ITU

Colette van der Ven
Founder & Director, TULIP Consulting

Maxime Furkel
Head of Government Affairs, Lexmark

ISO 59000 Circular economy family of standards includes the Product Circularity Data Sheet



ISO 59004 - Vocabulary, principles and guidance for implementation

ISO 59010 - Guidance on the transition of business models and value networks

ISO 59020 - Measuring and assessing circularity performance

ISO 59014 - Sustainability and traceability of secondary materials recovery – Principles, requirements and guidance

ISO 59040 - Product Circularity Data Sheet

Ease circular economy data exchange to better maintain and recover product value:

- Material inputs,
- Circular production,
- Durability and extended lifetime,
- Circularity at end of product use period.

Catherine Chevauché, ISO Circular Economy chair and Circular economy director Veolia - catherine.chevauche@veolia.com

Digital Product Passport

ITU is the United Nations specialized agency for ICTs

- *ITU definition*

Digital Product Passports: Structured collection of product-specific data conveyed through a unique identifier


ITUPublications
Recommendations

International Telecommunication Union
Standardization Sector

Recommendation
ITU-T L.1070 (11/2023)

SERIES L: Environment and ICTs, climate change, e-waste, energy efficiency; construction, installation and protection of cables and other elements of outside plant

E-waste and circular economy

Global digital sustainable product passport opportunities to achieve a circular economy

Jointly developed with

ETSI


ITUPublications
Recommendations

International Telecommunication Union
Standardization Sector

Recommendation
ITU-T L.1071 (11/2024)

SERIES L: Environment and ICTs, climate change, e-waste, energy efficiency; construction, installation and protection of cables and other elements of outside plant

E-waste and circular economy

A model for digital product passport information on sustainability and circularity

ITU-T SG5 supports
Environment, EMF, Climate Action & Circular Economy

- Framework & Guidelines
- Reduction
- Recycling
- Batteries
- Environmental Assessment
- Circular Economy
- User Device Sustainability Solution
- Stakeholder Engagement and Awareness
- Supply Chain
- **Digital Product Passport**

One planet handle with care

Coalition for Digital Environmental Sustainability

IMPACT INITIATIVE
Digitalization 4 Circular Economy

A **Framework** for Digital Product Information Systems

1 Phase 2024

a) Data Assessment & Technical overview

- Value proposition
- Identified potential data categories and framework outline

b) Consultations:

- Over 40 countries and over 200 organizations
- Global South engagement
- New partners

2 Phase 2025

c) Pilot testing

- High-impact sectors: ICT and textiles.

d) Draft Framework

- Moving from technical to political conversation to get buy in.

3 Phase 2026 and onwards

e) Launch and promote adoption/use on a voluntary basis by Member States and stakeholders

- High level political forums: UNEA, HLPF, UNGA, etc.

Standard under development

L.DPIS - Guidelines for a modular and scalable data system design for Digital Product Information Systems (DPIS) for ICT goods

ITU UNIDO ISO WBCSD World Business Council for Sustainable Development Wuppertal Institut

Colette van der Ven

Background: International trade lawyer (Harvard JD); Executive Director of TULIP Consulting, an impact-driven firm that advises the public sector on the trade, environment, and development nexus; Visiting Lecturer, International Economic Law, Graduate Institute

Focus of work: external dimension of green trade instruments, including the Ecodesign for Sustainable Products Regulation which sets out the DPP requirement

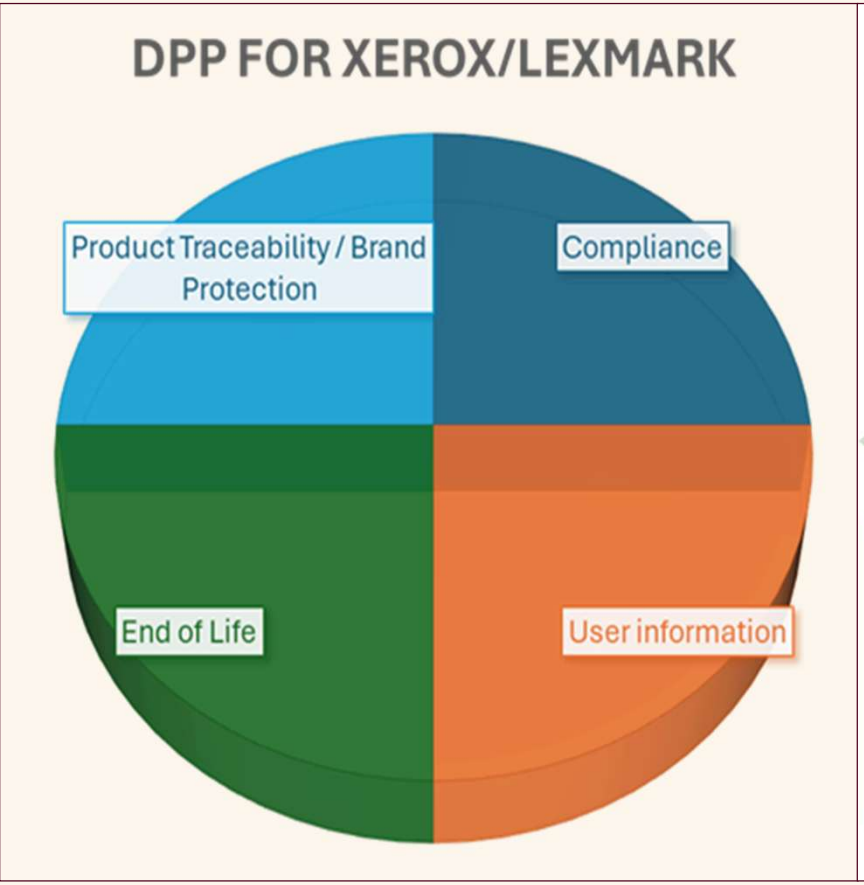
Sector-specific approaches to DPP:

Studies that focus on ecodesign and DPP requirements on the textiles and apparel sector (SITRA; Center for Trade and Investment Law in India);

Study focused on eco-design/DPP and its impact for steel in India

Trade facilitation: focus on interoperability through trade agreements to prevent DPPs from becoming a barrier to trade

Xerox|Lexmark: Four Pillars of the Digital Product Passport



End-of-Life Management

DPP emphasizes our circular economy commitment, appealing to ESG-conscious buyers.

At our circularity hub, DPPs can make manual-intensive remanufacturing better for EoL decisions.

Detailed device data speeds up EoL decisions, reduces shipments, and minimizes environmental impact.

Supports takeback programs and product-as-a-service models.

Helps recyclers dismantle and recycle devices efficiently.

User Information

Provides transparent lifecycle and sustainability data on devices and materials.

Boosts confidence in remanufactured products and informed purchasing decisions.

Verified data builds trust globally, especially in markets without mandatory DPP regulations.

Compliance

Early EU adoption could support future global framework compliance.

DPP workflows, informed by our circularity hub expertise, have the potential to balance scalability and customization.

Centralized digital DPP reduces labeling/packaging costs and enhances operational efficiency.

ISO/ITU standards can harmonize DPP requirements globally, supporting interoperability.

Product Traceability / Brand

Verified lifecycle data reinforces credibility and sustainability marketing.

Helps prevent misinformation and protect brand integrity.

DPP will support printer and cartridge collection programs.

Full device visibility supports new service models and circular economy practices.

Early adoption positions Xerox/Lexmark as innovative and sustainable leaders.

Remanufacturing workflow with the CE-RISE DPP

STEP 1: DPP SCAN & DECISION FOR TAKEBACK

STEP 2: QUALIFICATION AND REMANUFACTURING

STEP 3: UPDATING THE DPP & POST-REMAN REPORTING

STEP 4: RESELL & CUSTOMER TRANSPARENCY

STEP 2: RESPONSIBLE WEEE PROCESSING

NETWORKING DRINKS 18:00-19:00

How can we better communicate the value of circularity - like repair, reuse and remanufacturing - to build customer trust?

CE-RISE Consumer Survey (5 minutes)